



EGNOS, it's there. Use it.

Aviation powered by EGNOS

World ATM Congress 2015



European
Global Navigation
Satellite Systems
Agency



Precise navigation,
powered by Europe



Agenda

- | | | |
|---------------|--|----------------------|
| 16:00 – 16:15 | EGNOS as an enabler of PBN | G.G. Calini /GSA |
| 16:15 – 16:30 | EGNOS SoL Service: Roadmap and Support to Implementation | T. Racaud /ESSP |
| 16:30 – 16:45 | European Regulatory Instruments Encouraging PBN Approach Implementation | L. Smaja/Eurocontrol |
| 16:45 – 17:45 | EGNOS Awards | ESSP, GSA |

EGNOS as an enabler of PBN

Presented by Mr. Gian Gherardo Calini

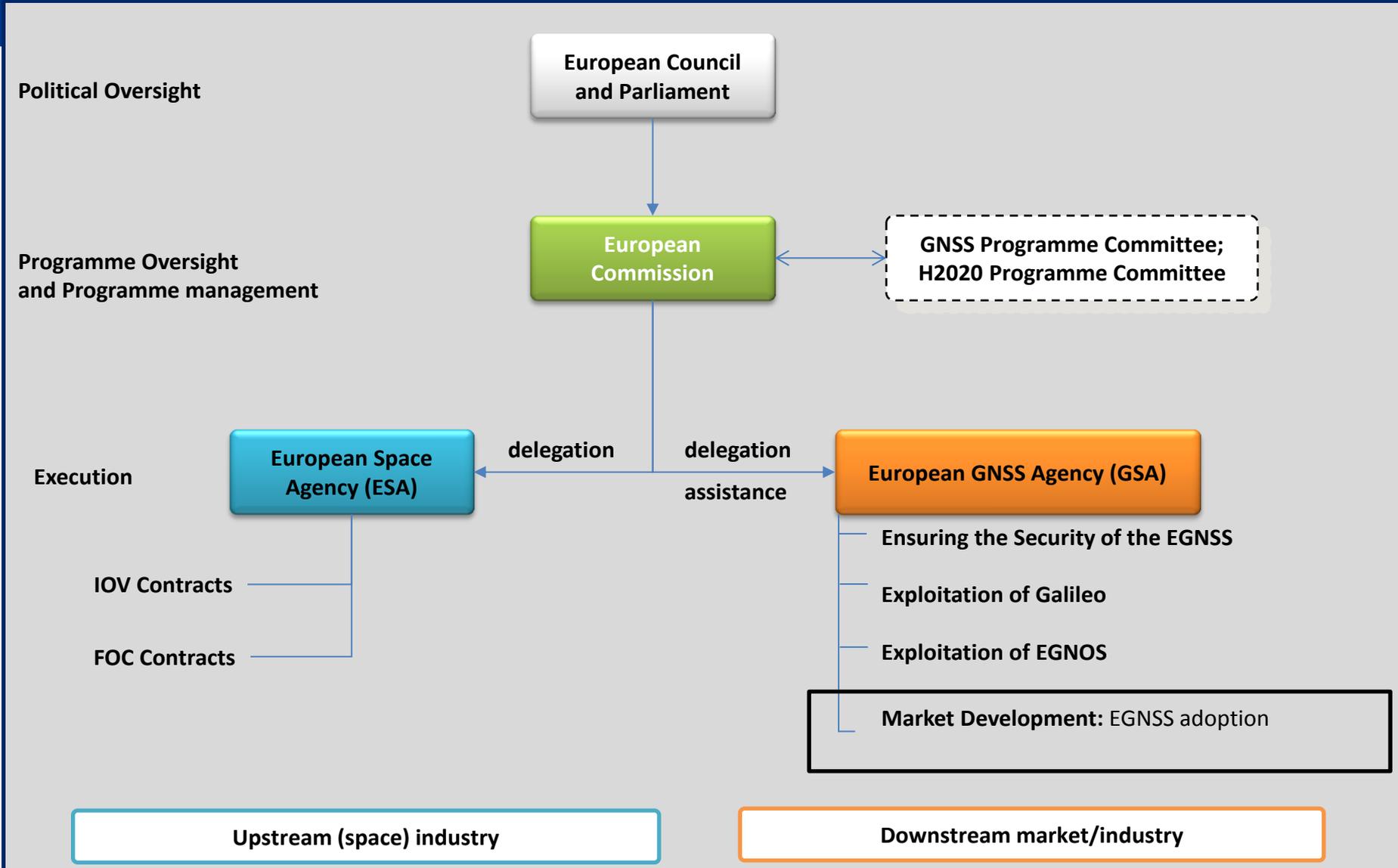
Head of Market Development Dept, European GNSS Agency

GSA Mission

Our mission is to achieve the highest EU return on European GNSS investment, in terms of benefits to users and industry competitiveness, by:

- ✓ Designing and enabling services fully matching user needs
- ✓ Managing service provision ensuring full user satisfaction in the most cost-efficient manner
- ✓ Engaging market stakeholders, developing applications and value-added services and user technology, towards E-GNSS full adoption

GSA role within EU GNSS programmes



GSA stays close to the aviation users and stakeholders to reap full EGNOS benefits



EGNOS Service provider
Technical assistance to foster EGNOS adoption



Cooperation agreement to implement European Union GNSS policies as they apply to the field of aviation.



Safety, pilot training, airworthiness criteria

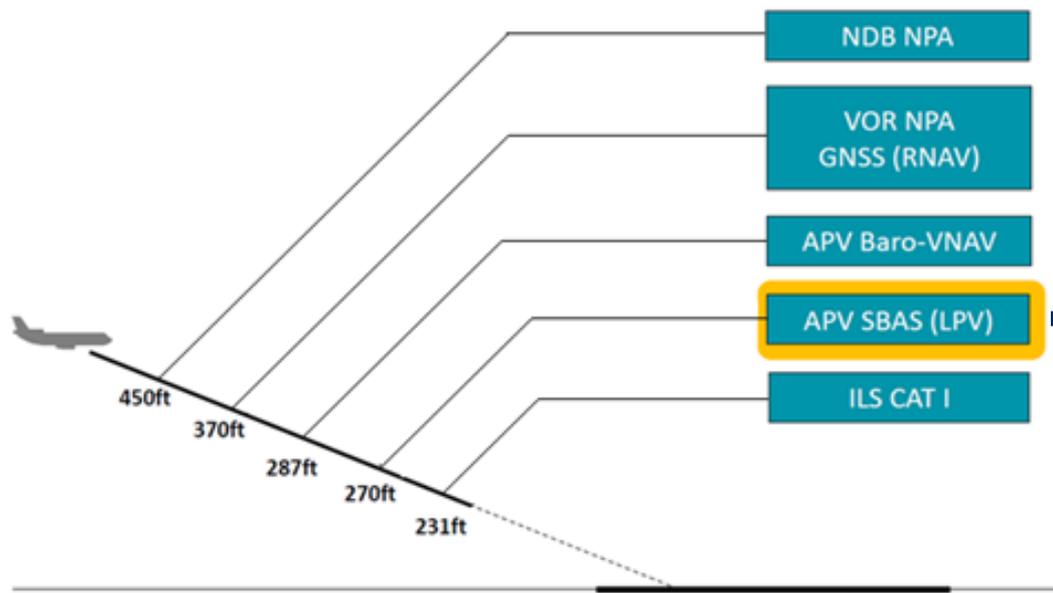


Users: business, general aviation, associations
Industry: avionics/aircraft manufacturers
Stakeholders and decision makers



EGNOS enables approaches down to LPV minima

- ✓ Freely offered for all phases of flight to airspace users and air navigation service providers (ANSPs)
- ✓ Enabler for PBN implementation and SBAS Approach with Vertical Guidance (LPV)



Example only. Finland EFRO 03, Cat D aircraft. Calculated for Eurocontrol

Example of Decision Height Minimum

- EGNOS enables approaches with **comparable performance to ILS CAT I**, without the need for ground infrastructure
- Decision heights can be reduced to:
 - NPA: 450ft
 - LPV: 250ft (200ft soon)
- Procedures can be implemented for all runways, both ends, at little or no extra cost

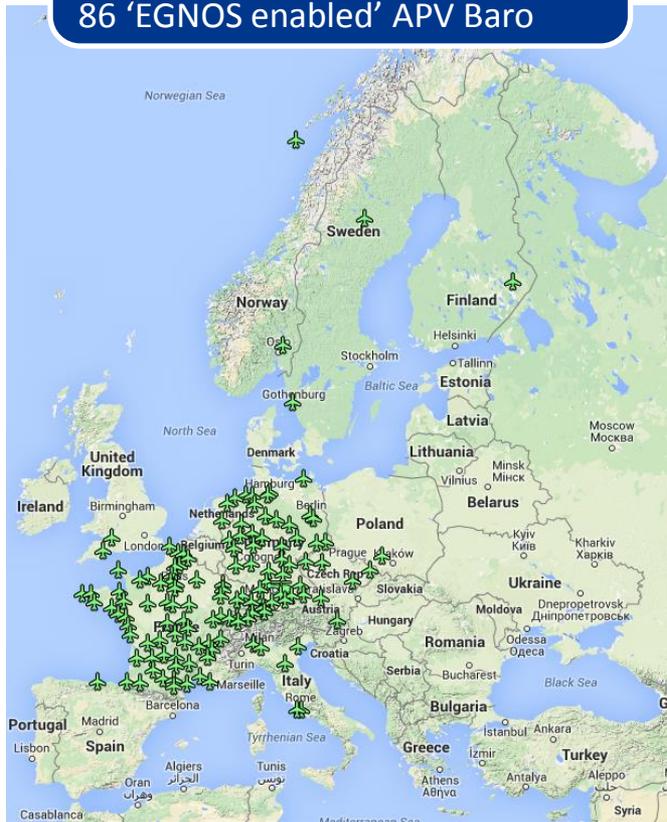
Benefits for Aviation from EGNOS

- ✓ Reduction of CFIT by 74%¹
- ✓ Increased accessibility to underserved non-ILS airports and in poor weather conditions
- ✓ Reduce delays and diversions by 48%², with impact on passenger services, operating costs and fuel use
- ✓ EGNOS is a low cost alternative to ILS
(EGNOS LPV one-off cost \approx yearly ILS maintenance \approx 32 K€)
- ✓ New destinations: access to less congested airports with lower fees
- ✓ Reduced fuel burn/costs and noise print
- ✓ Improve operational capability by providing backup for ILS approaches

Adoption Results in Aviation LPV Airport Implementation

As of February 2015

176 LPV approaches
86 'EGNOS enabled' APV Baro



Plans by 2018

> 440 LPV procedures



Operators upgrade to LPV funded by GSA

REGIONAL

Aurigny



2x BN2B Trislander

Air Nostrum



5x ATR 72-600



15x CRJ 1000

Skybus



Twin-Otter

Chalair



2 x Beechcraft1900

CityJet (VLM)



8x Fokker 50

Loganair



2x Twin Otter

Hebridean Air



2x BN2B Islander

Wideroe



DHC 8-100

BUSINESS

Inaer



Bell 412

NetJets



Hawker 750

Specsavers



2x Beech 350

REGA



Eurocopter EC135

GENERAL

NLR



Fairchild Metro II



Cessna Citation II

Air Charters Europe



King Air 300



King Air 1900D

Aviation South West



Piper P28A



Beechcraft 76

Royal Star-Aero



Piper PA-34 Seneca II

Dutch & MartinAir Flight Academies



4x Diamond DA42

Ljungbyheds Flygklubb



DA40-180

GSA AVAILABLE INSTRUMENTS TO FOSTER EGNOS BASED OPERATIONS IMPLEMENTATION



GSA portfolio of actions to foster EGNOS adoption in aviation

Technical support

- Ad hoc assistance to implementation
- Dedicated training
- Co-funding
- Development of STC for most common avionics to reduce certification costs, e.g AML for GNS 430W/530W

Regulation evolution to meet user needs

- LPV implementation to non instrumental runways
- Evolution of training/approval requirements
- Contribution to standard development

Research and development (under EC delegation)

- Advanced operations trials
- Validation of new concepts
- Multiconstellation/multifreq receivers (coming soon)

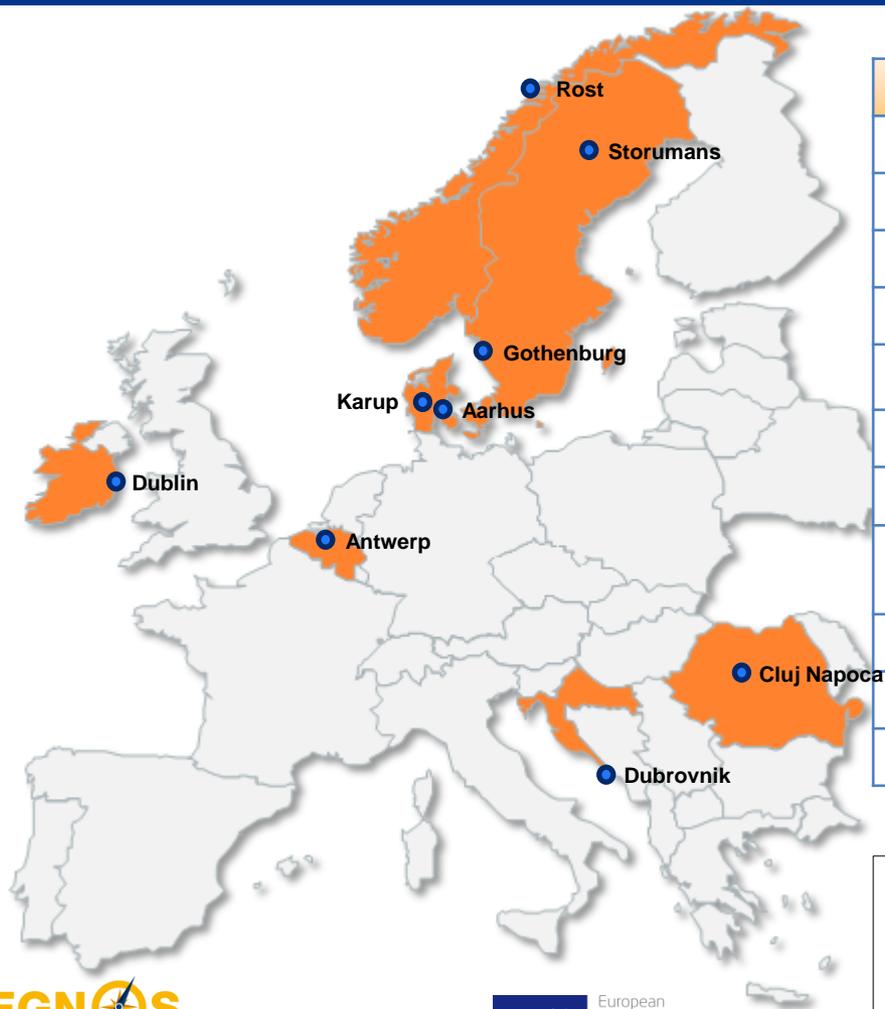


User driven system evolution

- Market analysis
- User needs/satisfaction monitoring
- Requirements definition
- Cost Benefit analysis



Example of Ongoing support programme (I): Technical support to 1st EGNOS RNP APCH in 8 countries



Country	Airport	Status
Belgium	Antwerp	Design ongoing
Czech Republic	Vodochody	Publication May 2015
Croatia	Dubrovnik	Publication April 2015
Denmark	Aarhus	Publication April 2015
Denmark	Karup	Publication April 2015
Ireland	Dublin	Publication in April 2015
Norway	Røst	Operational
Romania	Cluj Napoca	Completed, under CAA approval
Sweden	Gothenburg City	Operational
Sweden	Storuman	Operational
Sweden	Trollhattan	Ongoing, publication Q3 2015

+ Pioneer project to deploy 2 LPV procedures to non-instrument runways at 'GA' airfields (Sherburn-in-Elmet and Perth) with PPL/IR Europe

Example of Ongoing support programme (II): GSA-EBAA LPV Working Group

Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to promote the wide use of EGNOS – precision-based navigation (PBN) – at regional airports in Europe



EBAA-GSA LPV Working Group set up in August 2014

Two main activities:

- 1) LPV implementation to EBAA members priority aerodromes. Selection criteria:
 - Airport in the destination network of EBAA member
 - LPV potential to increase safety and accessibility for frequently visited aerodromes

- 2) Facilitate equipage and operational approval to perform LPV approaches :
 - Analysis of members fleet and availability of retrofit solutions
 - Guidelines to obtain operational approval



H2020-GALILEO-2015-1
NEW OPPORTUNITIES

H2020-Galileo-2015 Call opened 04/11/2014

(A-Z) Sitemap About this site Contact Legal Notice Search English



RESEARCH & INNOVATION

Participant Portal

European Commission > Research & Innovation > Participant Portal > Opportunities

HOME FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES HOW TO PARTICIPATE EXPERTS SUPPORT Search PP LOGIN REGISTER

Horizon 2020

Search Topics

Calls

Call Updates

Other EU Programmes 2014-2020

Research Fund for Coal & Steel

COSME

3rd Health Programme

Applications in Satellite Navigation-Galileo-2015

H2020-Galileo-2015-1 Sub call of: [H2020-Galileo-GSA-2014-2015](#)

Opening Date	04-11-2014	Deadline Date	08-04-2015 17:00:00 (Brussels local time)
Publication date	11-12-2013	Main Pillar	Industrial Leadership
Total Call Budget	€25,000,000	OJ reference	OJ C 361 of 11.12.2013
Status	Open		

Topic: EGNSS applications **GALILEO-1-2015**

Topic Description Topic Conditions & Documents Submission Service

H2020-Galileo-2015-1 Call overview

Indicative Projects Size and Funding

1 - EGNSS applications (15 m€)

Indicative projects size: 1.5 - 4 m€

2 - SME based EGNSS applications (5 m€)

Indicative projects size: 0.5 - 1 m€

3 - Releasing the potential of EGNSS applications through international cooperation (5 m€)

Indicative projects size: 0.5 – 1.5 m€

EGNSS Apps development

Innovation Action* : up to 70% funding
(exception: up to 100% for non-profit)

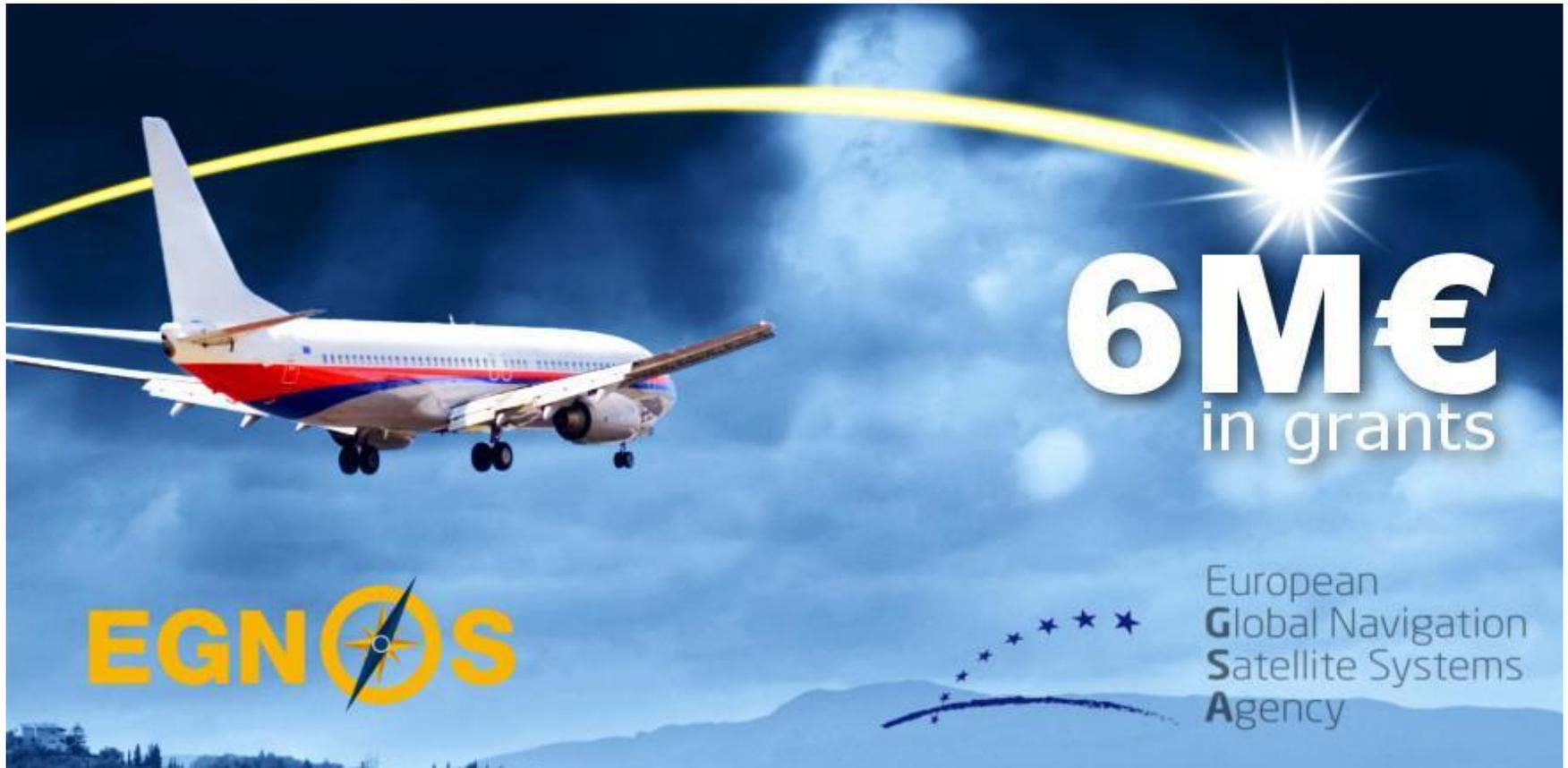
* for indirect cost: **flat rate of 25%** with some exceptions e.g. subcontracting

25 m€ Available for funding

Deadline for submission of proposals for second call: April 8th 2015



2014 Aviation Call for Grants



6M€
in grants

European
Global Navigation
Satellite Systems
Agency

2014 Call for proposals to foster EGNOS adoption in aviation



Objectives

- ✓ Foster the implementation of EGNOS based operations
- ✓ Development and/or installation of GPS/EGNOS enabled avionics
- ✓ Approval of Air Operator Certificate for LPV operations of aircraft already equipped with SBAS capabilities
- ✓ Development of enablers to accelerate EGNOS adoption and preparation for futures capabilities



EU Funding

Maximum budget of this call: 6 M€

Maximum EU financing rate:

Direct costs: 60% funding; Indirect costs: flat rate 7% of the direct costs

Timing

Publication: 4 August 2014

Deadline for submitting applications: 31 October 2014 – at 16:00 Prague time

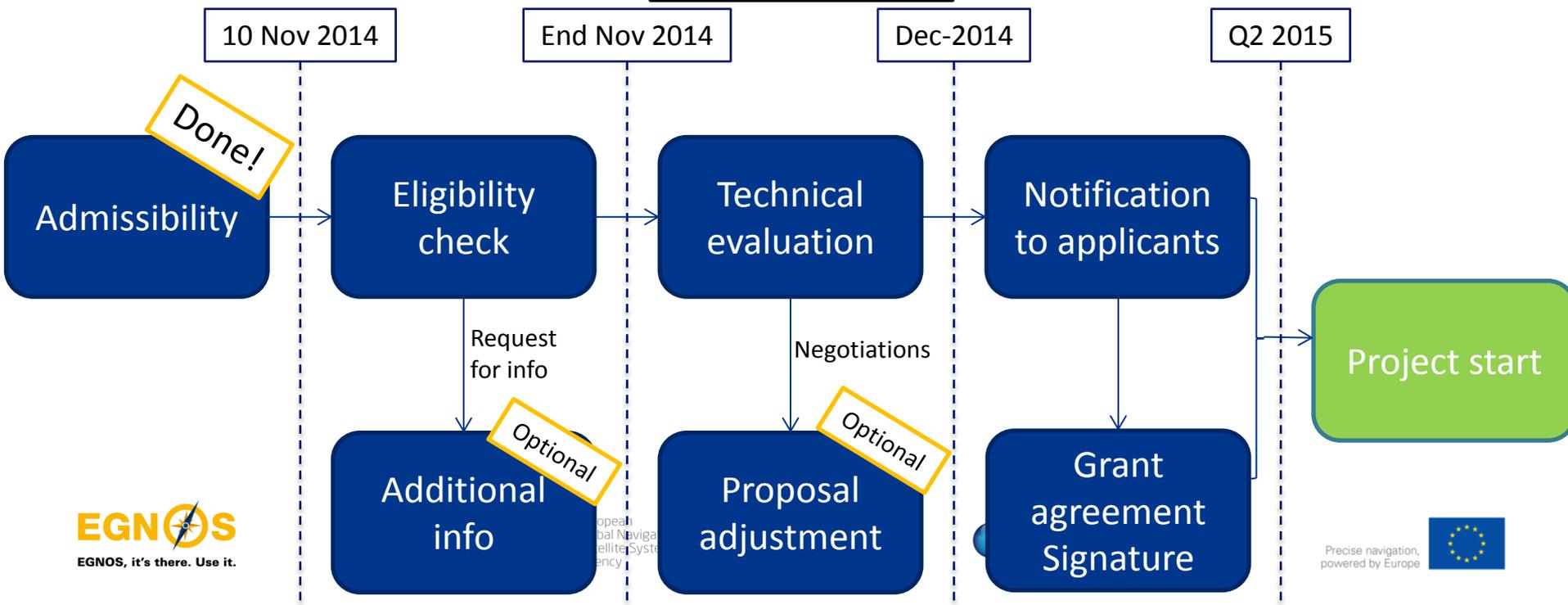
Signature of Grant Agreement: December 2014

2014 Aviation call for proposals: projects selection

Summary

- Number of received proposals: **38**
- Approximately total requested EU contribution in the proposals: **12 million EUR**

Tentative timing





EGNOS, it's there. Use it.

New 2015 Call for proposals to co-fund EGNOS operational implementation in aviation

Publication expected in May 2015

Available budget: 6 Million €



European
Global Navigation
Satellite Systems
Agency



Precise navigation,
powered by Europe





Thank you!

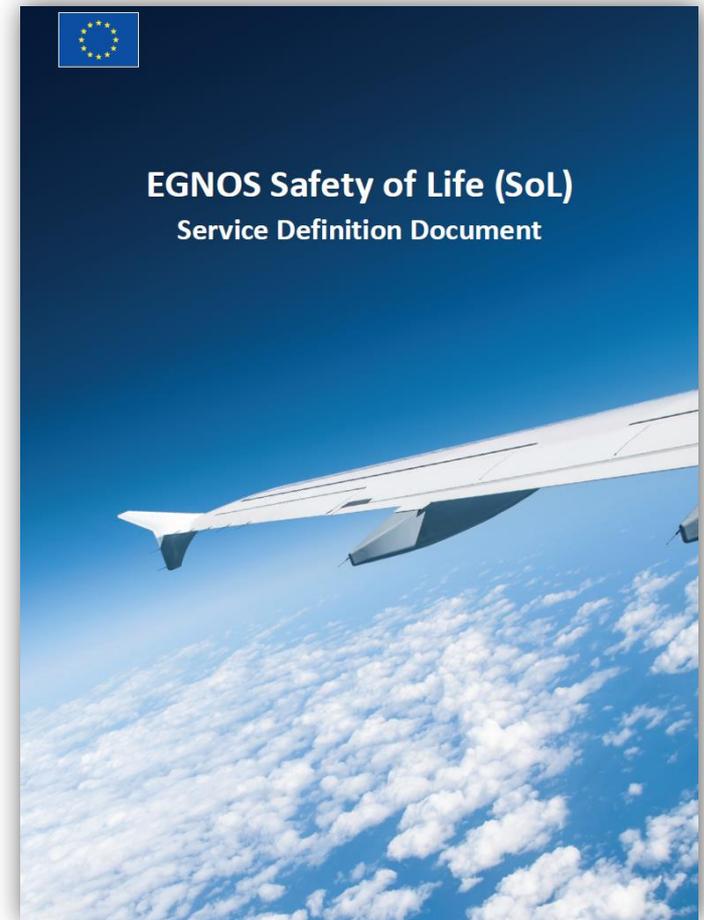
For further information contact:

Gian Gherardo Calini

Gian-Gherardo.CALINI@gsa.europa.eu

EGNOS SoL Service: Roadmap and Support to Implementation

Presented by Mr. Thierry Racaud,
European Satellite Services Provider



Contents

- **European Satellite Services Provider**
- **SoL Service status**
- **Implementation status**
- **SoL Service Roadmap**
 - Current Service Levels
 - Next challenges
 - LPV-200
- **ESSP support to EGNOS Implementation**

European Satellite Services Provider



We certify you're there.

NATS

dgac

DSNA

NAV
NAV-Portugal, L.P.E.

ENAIRe

DFS Deutsche Flugsicherung

skyguide

ENAV

Our mission is to deliver **precise** and **safe** satellite positioning services

100 highly skilled professionals on 2 sites



deliver EGNOS services 24/7



operate and maintain EGNOS system



promote EGNOS and its applications



support and interface with users



monitor & analyse EGNOS performance



support in the development of EGNOS-based applications

ESSP within the EGNOS ecosystem

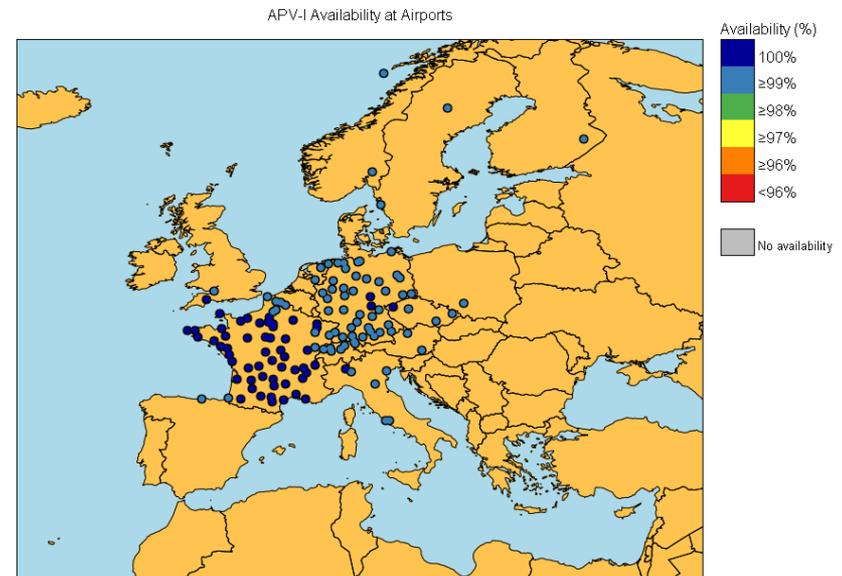


EGNOS SoL Service: Status

Service described in the **EGNOS SoL Service Definition Document**

APV-I performance at airports with EGNOS-based procedures during January 2015

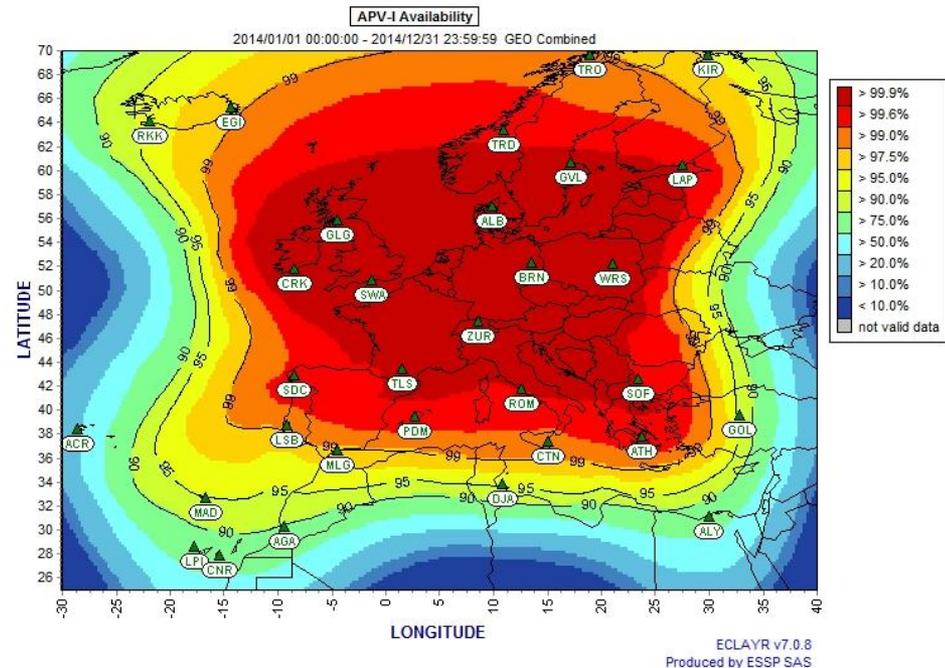
- Availability > 99%
- Worst case: APV-I availability 99.40% at EFJO / Joensuu (Finland)



EGNOS SoL Service: Status

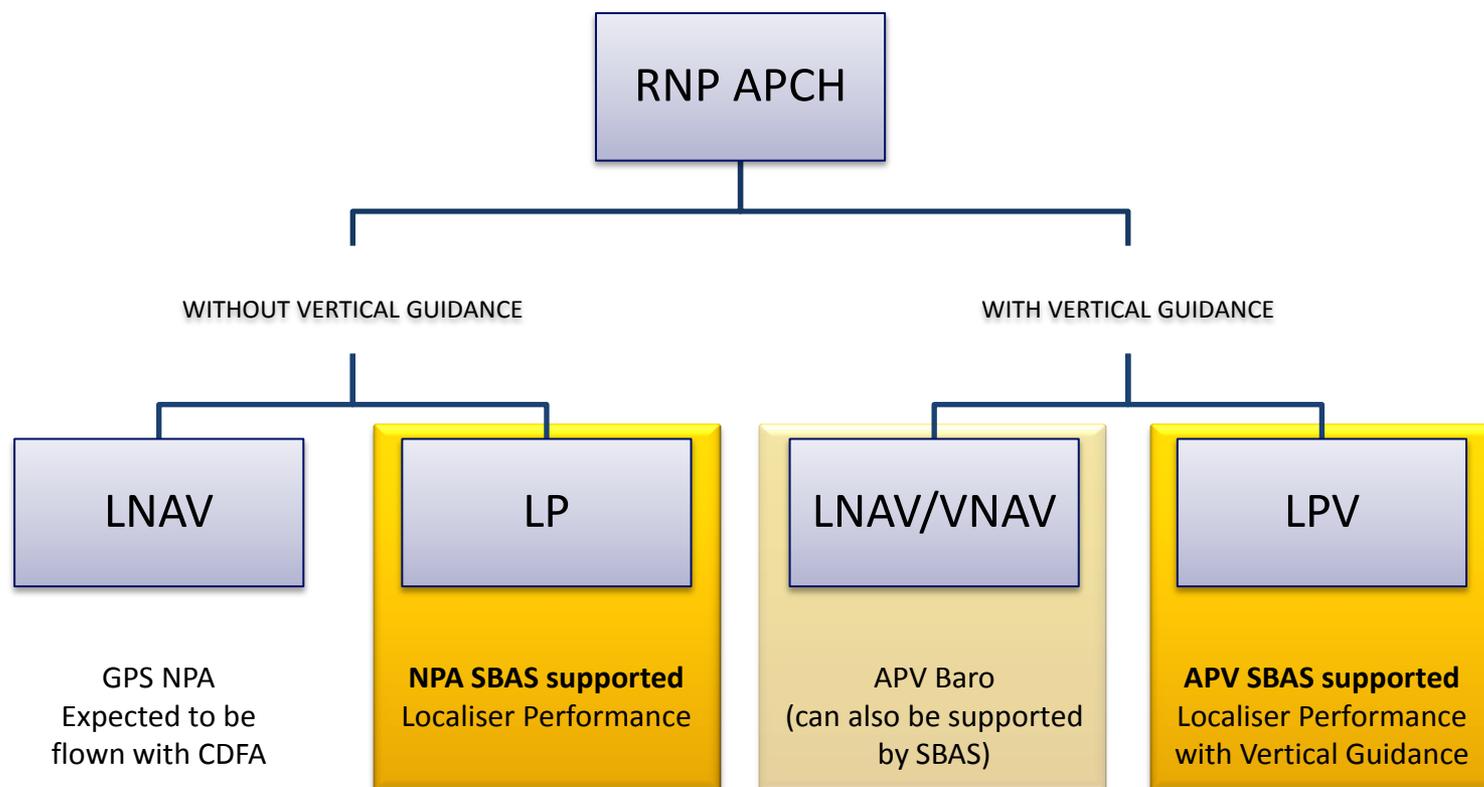
APV-I performance during 2014

- Very good coverage of the ECAC landmasses
 - all the LPV procedures available more than 99% of the time
- Some areas with lower availability due (mainly) to ionospheric activity, linked to solar cycle 24 (very active during 2014)



EGNOS SoL Service: Implementation

EGNOS-based operations



EGNOS SoL Service: Implementation

28 EGNOS Working Agreements signed after the SoL Service Declaration

- **Latest:**

- BULATSA (Bulgaria)
- Jersey Airport (Jersey)
- LVNL (Netherlands)
- Land's End (UK)

**Target of 40 EWAs
by end 2015**

- **(+4) Under signature or ready to be signed:**

- Croatia Control Ltd (Croatia)
- Letiště Vodochody (Czech Republic)
- ACR (Sweden)
- BAE Systems Marine Ltd (Walney Island, UK)

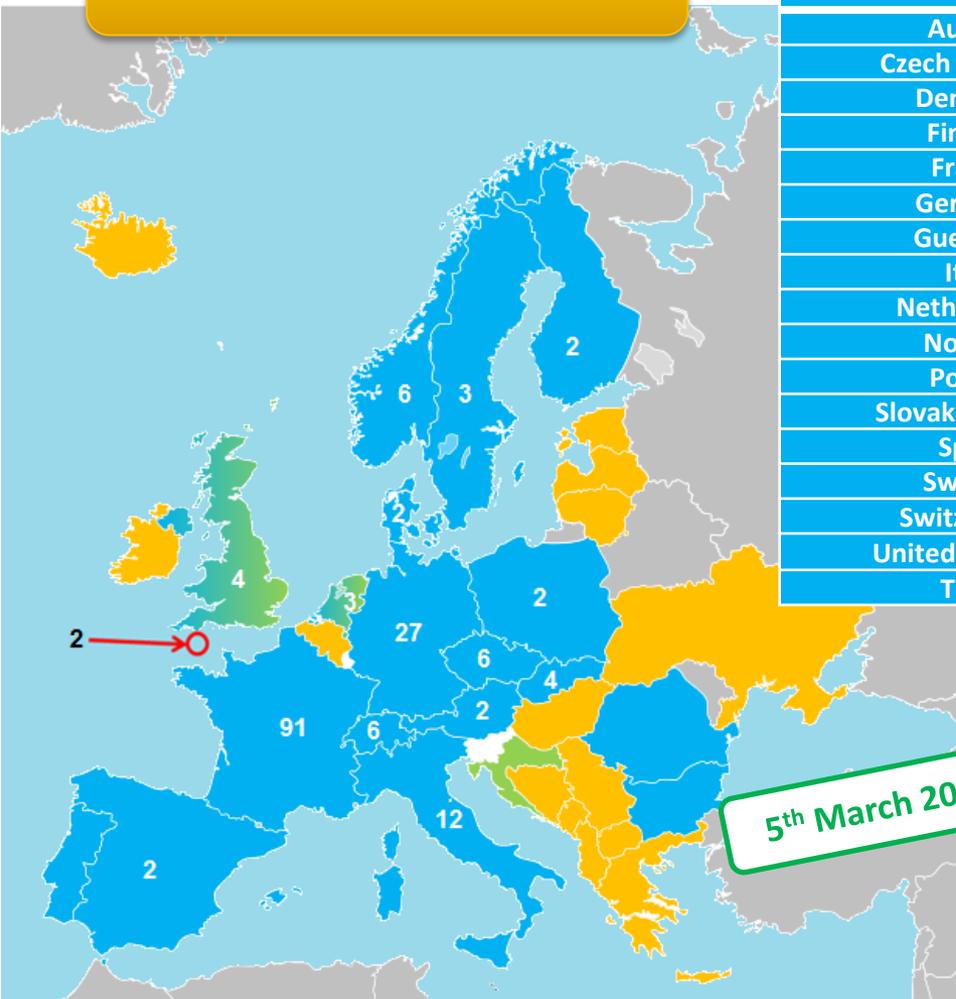
- **In progress:**

- Royal Netherlands Air Force (for Civil Operations in Dutch Military airports)
- Royal Danish Air Force (for Civil Operations in Danish Military airports)
- Saint's Mary Airport (UK)

EGNOS SoL Service: Implementation

28 EWAs already signed!

COUNTRY	Airports	LPV Procedures	APV baro Procedures (EGNOS enabled)
Austria	2	2	0
Czech Republic	3	6	4
Denmark	1	2	0
Finland	1	2	0
France	63	91	1
Germany	17	29	71
Guernsey	1	2	0
Italy	6	12	0
Netherlands	2	3	0
Norway	2	6	0
Poland	1	2	0
Slovak Republic	2	4	0
Spain	1	2	0
Sweden	2	3	0
Switzerland	6	6	0
United Kingdom	2	4	0
Total	113	176	76



Yellow	Discussions paused
Green	Discussions on going
Blue	EWA signed
3	Number of published LPV procedures
White	No feedback



EGNOS SoL Service: Current levels

- Current EGNOS SoL service levels provided are:

NPA

Non Precision Approach

RNP APCH operations down to LNAV minima

APV-I

Approach with Vertical Guidance

RNP APCH operations down to LPV minima (250ft)

- Nowadays, **LPV is the highest precision PBN** Instrument Approach Procedure
- By the use of the existing EGNOS SoL Service, the pilot can take the aircraft down, without visual contact to the ground, to as low as 250 feet Decision Height (ILS look-alike approach)

EGNOS SoL Service: Next challenges

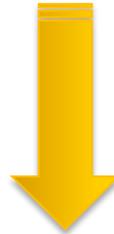
LP

Localiser
Performance



LPV-200

SBAS CAT-1
(DA/H 200ft)



RNP 0.3

Helicopter operations



ESSP is currently working towards the provision of the EGNOS SoL Service fulfilling the PBN Navigation Specifications demanded by users

LPV-200: an EGNOS **major milestone**

- New EGNOS system release V2.4.1M will enable LPV operations based on EGNOS SoL service down to a decision height of 200 ft minima (ILS CAT I look-alike)
- According to ICAO, these operations are considered within Instrument Approach Procedures (IAP) as Precision Approaches based on SBAS (PA - SBAS CAT-I)
- This new service level will be called **LPV-200** and its declaration towards users is foreseen in Q4 2015

LPV-200 will bring extra operational benefits (i.e reducing delays, diversions and cancellations) and increase accessibility to European runways with respect to APV while maintaining today's high safety levels

EGNOS SoL Service: Roadmap 2015 -2017

By the end of 2015, there will be:

- LPV-200 Service level declaration in Q4 2015: new SoL SDD publication
- A general improvement in the coverage area (mainly borders) due to an increase of the robustness against ionospheric disturbances

**New version of EGNOS SoL Service
Implementation Roadmap foreseen by Q2 2015**

Beyond 2015, it is foreseen:

- Coverage improvement toward full EU-28 coverage
- Extension of coverage up to 72°N latitude
- Improvement of GPS SV monitoring capabilities

EGNOS SoL Service: ESSP support to implementation

Awareness

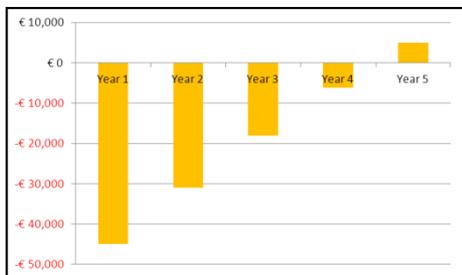
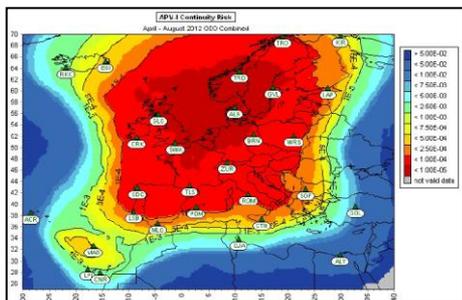
- LPV implementation status
- Comprehensive guidance material
 - ANSPs and airports
 - Operators
- Support for EWA signature
- Support services catalogue
 - Manufacturers, Part 21s, Part 145s
 - Procedure designers
 - Flight Validation companies
 - Complementary services

Technical support



EGNOS SoL Service: ESSP support to implementation

Awareness



Check-out our online [EBCAST tool](#)

Technical support

- Performance Assessments
 - EGNOS SoL service performances
 - EGNOS NOTAMs proposals
- Cost Benefits Analyses
 - For airports/ANSPs
 - For operators
- Dedicated Workshops
- Support for mapping EGNOS in PBN implementation plans
- Technical advice on implementation projects (lessons learnt, PoCs)

EGNOS SoL Service: user interfaces

- For more information on EGNOS...
 - EGNOS User Support Website
<http://egnos-user-support.essp-sas.eu>
 - EGNOS Helpdesk
egnos-helpdesk@essp-sas.eu
+34 911 236 555 (24/7)
 - EGNOS performances
 - Real-time service performances and SIS status
http://egnos-user-support.essp-sas.eu/egnos_ops/public_upcm
 - Monthly Performance Reports
http://www.essp-sas.eu/monthly_performance_reports
 - Yearly Service Provision Reports
http://www.essp-sas.eu/printed_documents

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION

Thierry RACAUD
Chief Executive Officer
ESSP SAS

www.essp-sas.eu



We certify you're there.



European Regulatory Instruments Encouraging PBN Approach Implementation

Presented by Ms. Lendina Smaja, Eurocontrol

European regulatory instruments encouraging PBN approach implementation

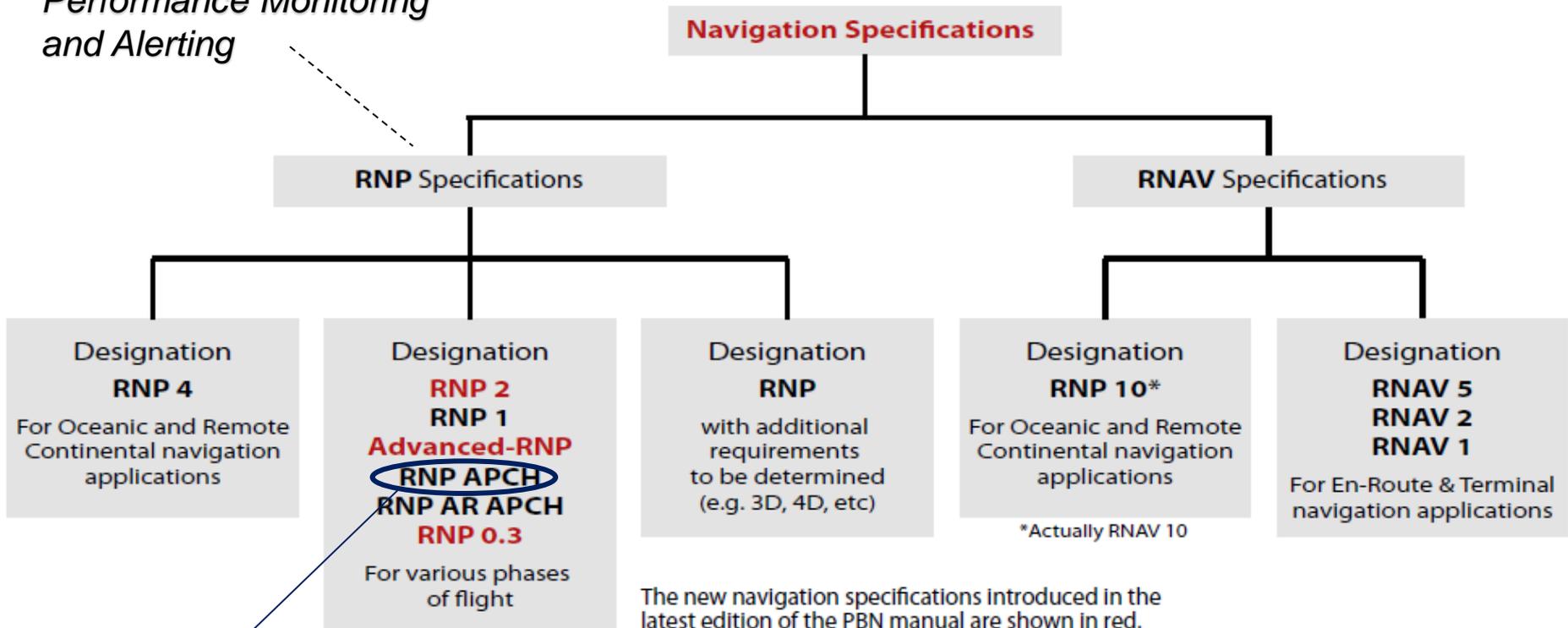
World ATM Congress (WAC)
10th March 2015 (Madrid)
EUROCONTROL

Table of contents

- EGNOS-based approaches within PBN context
- The European frameworks for EGNOS-based operations implementation (PCP IR & EASA PBN NPA)
- EUROCONTROL support to deployment (RAISG)
- RNP APCH deployment status

ICAO PBN Navigation Specifications

*With On-Board
Performance Monitoring
and Alerting*



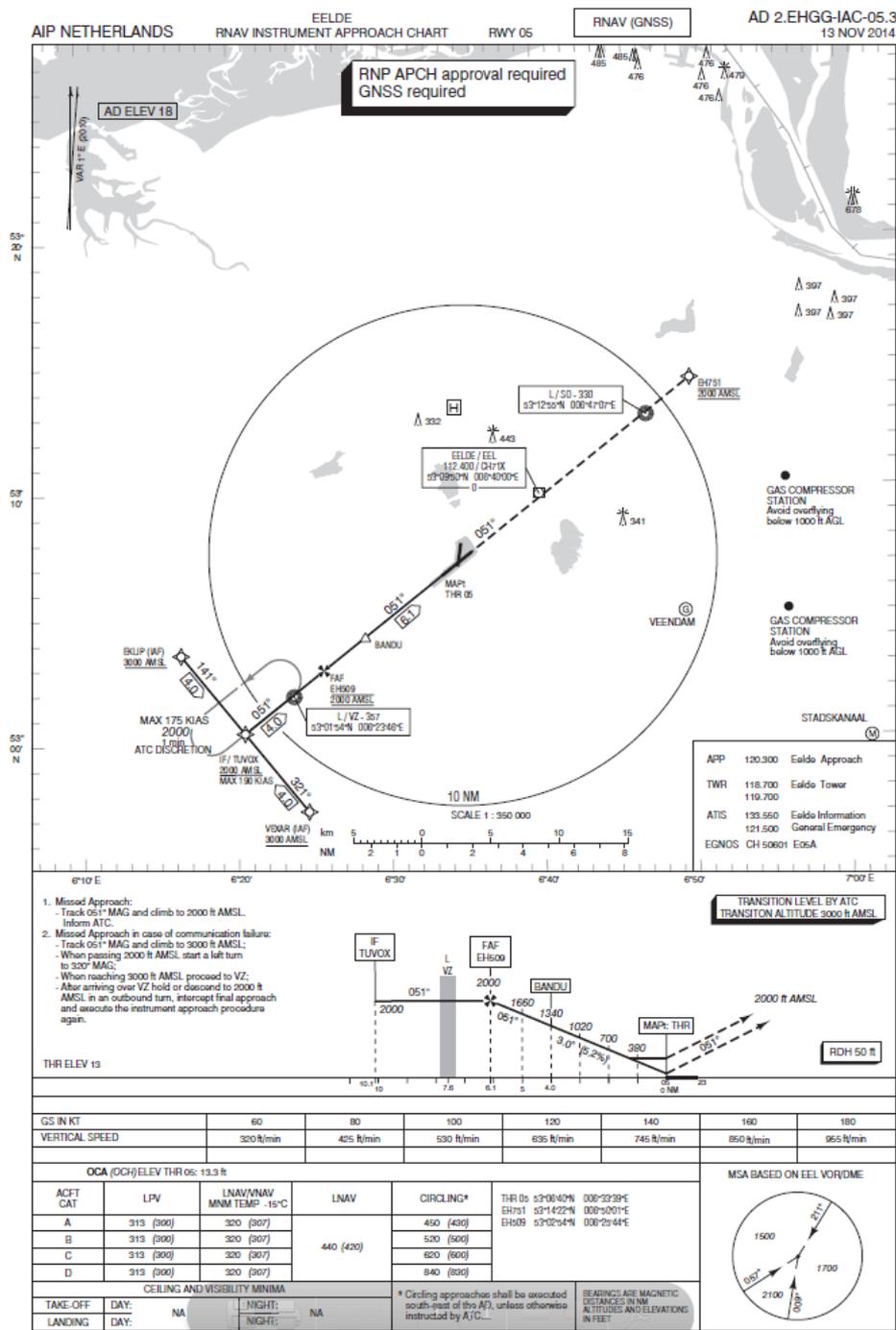
EGNOS is required by the RNP APCH navigation specification.

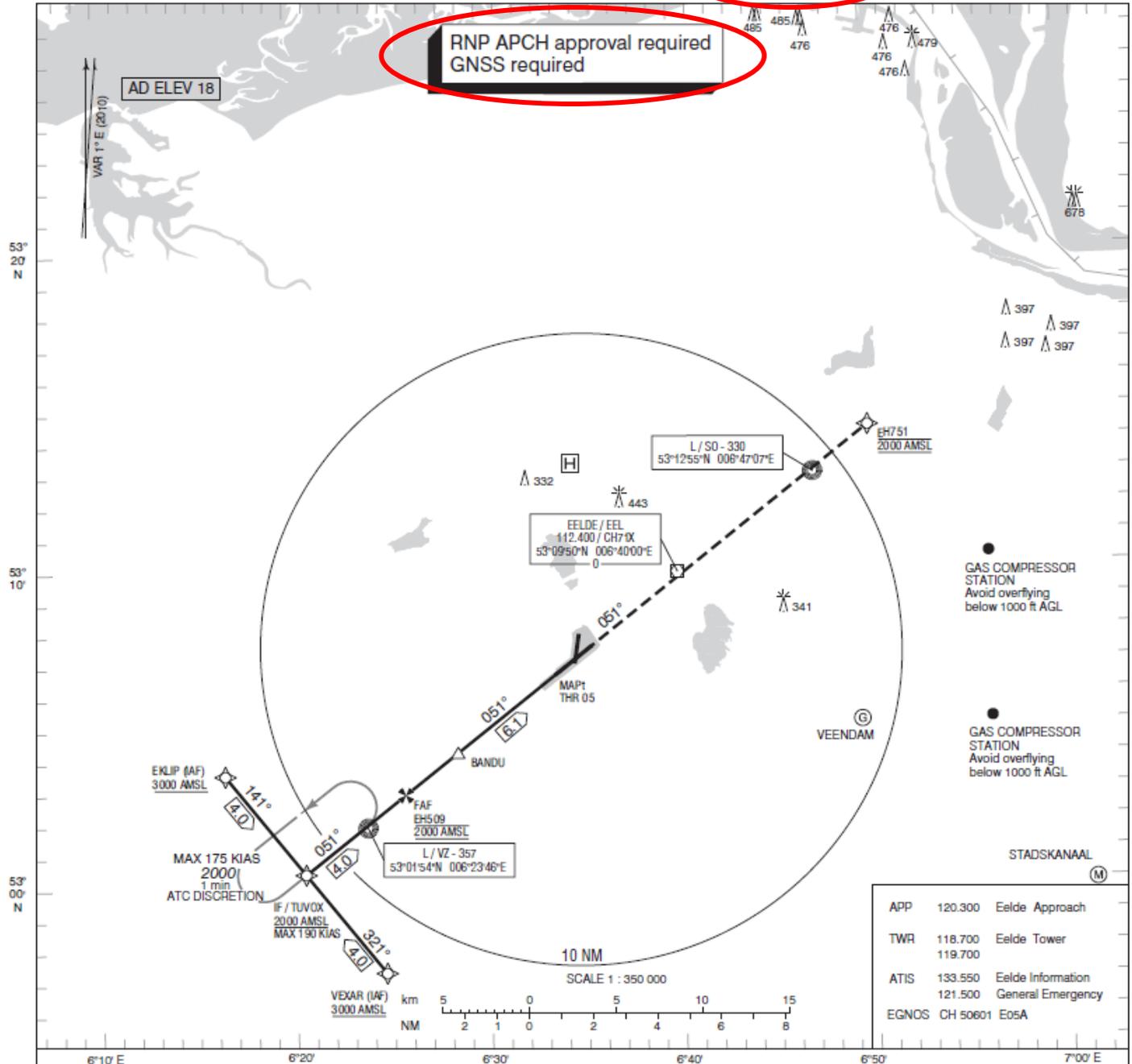


EUROCONTROL

RNP APCH Chart Example

- Eelde (The Netherlands):
 - LNAV minima
 - LNAV/VNAV minima
 - LPV minima



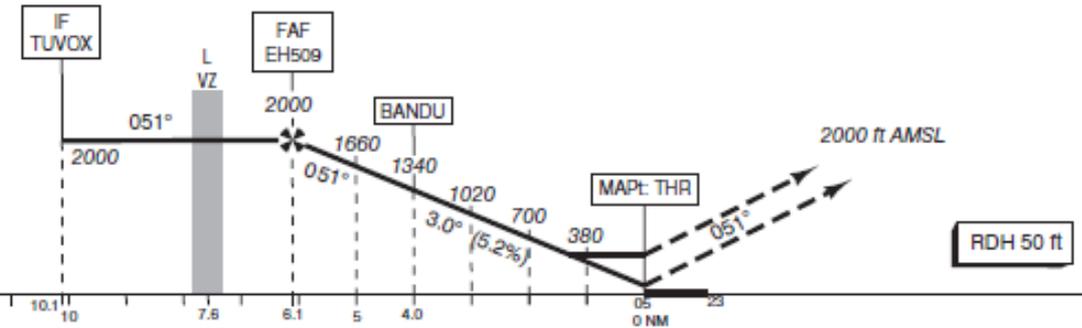




EUROCONTROL

1. Missed Approach:
 - Track 051° MAG and climb to 2000 ft AMSL.
 - Inform ATC.
2. Missed Approach in case of communication failure:
 - Track 051° MAG and climb to 3000 ft AMSL;
 - When passing 2000 ft AMSL start a left turn to 320° MAG;
 - When reaching 3000 ft AMSL proceed to VZ;
 - After arriving over VZ hold or descend to 2000 ft AMSL in an outbound turn, intercept final approach and execute the instrument approach procedure again.

TRANSITION LEVEL BY ATC
TRANSITION ALTITUDE 3000 ft AMSL



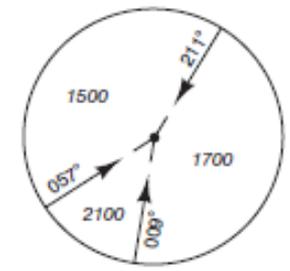
THR ELEV 13

GS IN KT	60	80	100	120	140	160	180
VERTICAL SPEED	320 ft/min	425 ft/min	530 ft/min	635 ft/min	745 ft/min	850 ft/min	955 ft/min

OCA (OCH) ELEV THR 05: 13.3 ft

ACFT CAT	LPV	LNAV/VNAV MNM TEMP -15°C	LNAV	CIRCLING*	THR 05 53°08'40"N 006°33'39"E EH751 53°14'22"N 006°50'01"E EH509 53°02'54"N 006°25'44"E
A	313 (300)	320 (307)	440 (420)	450 (430)	
B	313 (300)	320 (307)		520 (500)	
C	313 (300)	320 (307)		620 (600)	
D	313 (300)	320 (307)		840 (830)	
CEILING AND VISIBILITY MINIMA					* Circling approaches shall be executed south-east of the AD, unless otherwise instructed by ATC.
TAKE-OFF	DAY:	NA	NIGHT:	NA	
LANDING	DAY:	NA	NIGHT:	NA	BEARINGS ARE MAGNETIC DISTANCES IN NM ALTITUDES AND ELEVATIONS IN FEET

MSA BASED ON EEL VOR/DME



CHANGE: new chart.

© Air Traffic Control the Netherlands

AIRAC AMDT 12/2014

- **LPV capable aircraft** will fly LPV approach or LNAV in case of degraded EGNOS performances
- On charts without LPV, LNAV/VNAV can be flown by LPV capable aircraft only if this is approved by the local authority

ICAO Resolutions and conclusions

- **36th ICAO Assembly (Oct 2007) :**

*“ ... implementation of approach procedures with vertical guidance (APV) (**Baro-VNAV and/or augmented GNSS**) for all instrument runway ends, either as the primary approach or as a back-up for precision approaches by 2016 with intermediate milestones as follows: 30% by 2010 and 70% by 2014.”*

- **37th ICAO Assembly (Oct 2010) added :**

*“ ... implementation of straight-in **LNAV only procedures, as an exception**, for instrument runways at aerodromes where there is no local altimeter setting available and where there are no aircraft suitably equipped for APV operations. ”*

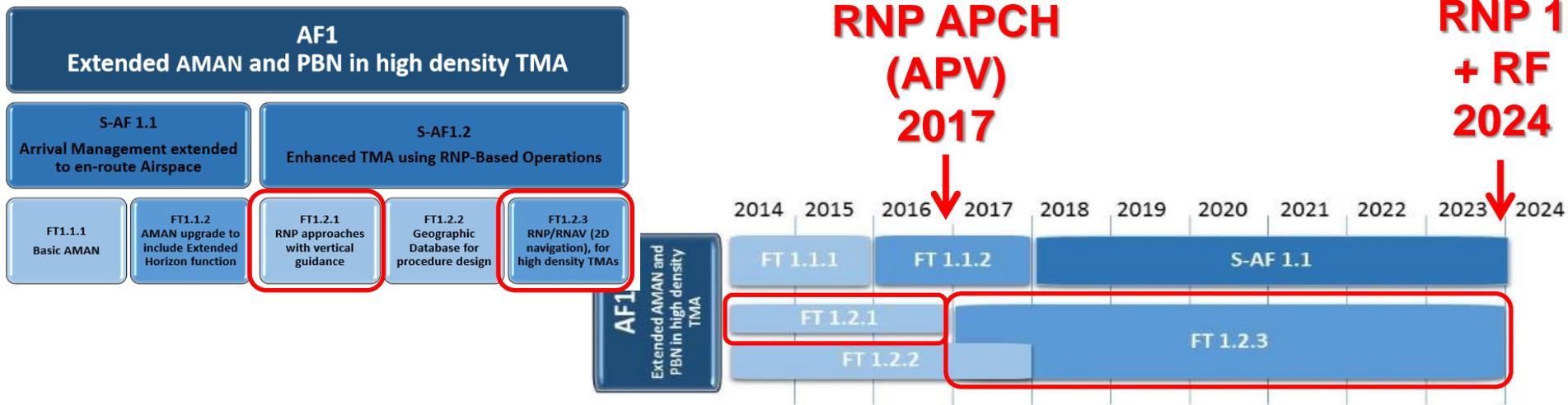
- **EANPG 55 (Nov 2013)** agreed priorities for deployment, where the availability of an approach with vertical guidance (APV, ILS, MLS or GBAS) is the highest priority.
- **HLSC 15 (Feb 2015)** also concluded that implementation of the Resolution should proceed “... with emphasis on areas where maximum safety benefits can be gained”.

Existing regulation in Europe (1/2)

- **27 June 2014:** adoption of the “**PCP IR**”
 - The Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 716/2014 mandates the implementation of 6 first essential ATM Functionalities (AF) of the Master Plan – the Pilot Common Projects.
 - AF#1 (Extended AMAN and PBN in high density TMA) mandates RNP 1 + RF and RNP APCH (APV)
- **5 December 2014:** appointment of the SESAR Deployment Alliance as the **SESAR Deployment Manager**
 - SESAR Deployment Alliance: A6 Alliance of ANSPs, A4 airlines and SESAR-related Deployment Airport Operators Group (SDAG)
 - A preliminary version of the Deployment Manager **Deployment Programme** is available.

Existing regulation in Europe (2/2)

- Target dates (from the DM preliminary Deployment Programme)



- 10 out of the 24 targeted Airports already have APV procedures:

London Heathrow
Paris CDG
London Gatwick
Paris Orly
London Stansted
Milan Malpensa
Frankfurt Int.
Madrid Barajas

Amsterdam Schipol
Munich FJ Strauss
Rome Fiumicino
Barcelona El Prat
Dusseldorf Int.
Zurich Kloten
Brussels National
Oslo Gardermoen

Stockholm Arlanda
Berlin Brandenburg
Manchester
Palma de Mallorca
Copenhagen Kastrup
Vienna Schwechat
Dublin
Nice Cote d'Azur

Additional regulation for Europe in preparation (1/2)

- Mandate on EUROCONTROL to draft a rule until in March 2014 and then transferred to EASA
- **EASA** now oversees PBN implementation
- **Total System** Approach
 - EASA RMT.0639** ‘Performance-Based Navigation (PBN) implementation in the European Air Traffic Management Network (EATMN)’*
- **Publication dates:**
 - NPA 2015-01 : 19/01/2015 (available at <http://hub.easa.europa.eu/crt/docs>)
 - **Consultation: until 20/04/2015**
 - Opinion: 2015/Q2
 - Decision: 2015/Q4

The proposed rule (NPA 2015-01) :

* On the ground side:

- **APV required** on instrument runways ends without approach with vertical guidance before **January 2024**
 - ie. Runway ends with Precision Approach are excluded from the mandate
- From end 2018, deployment of PBN SID, STARs and ATS routes, when achieving airspace performance targets requires it:
 - In En-route, « RNP 1 + FRT » to be used if PBN is implemented
 - In TMA, « RNP 1 + RF » to be used if PBN is implemented
- **Requirement to maintain non-PBN applications** when introducing PBN (to accommodate non-PBN capable aircraft)

* On the airborne side:

- **No mandate** but non PBN-equipped aircraft might be authorized “with constraints” (e.g. limited access time, suboptimal trajectories, etc...)

Summary of the situation

- **No mandate on the aircraft**, however operators shall be equipped as required for intended operations
- **Mandates on ANSP/airports**, to implement the following PBN applications :

Nav Spec	PCP IR	EASA NPA
RNP APCH (APV)	At 24 Major airports (by 2016)	Mandated everywhere there isn't Precision Landing (ILS, MLS, GBAS) (by 2024)
RNP 1 + FR	At 24 Major TMA (by 2024)	No mandate for deployment, <i>The NPA proposes to mandate the use this Nav Spec(*) only if PBN is to be used in the TMA</i>
RNP 1 + FRF	No mandate for deployment	No mandate for deployment, <i>The NPA proposes to mandate the use this Nav Spec(*) only if PBN is to be used in the en-route</i>



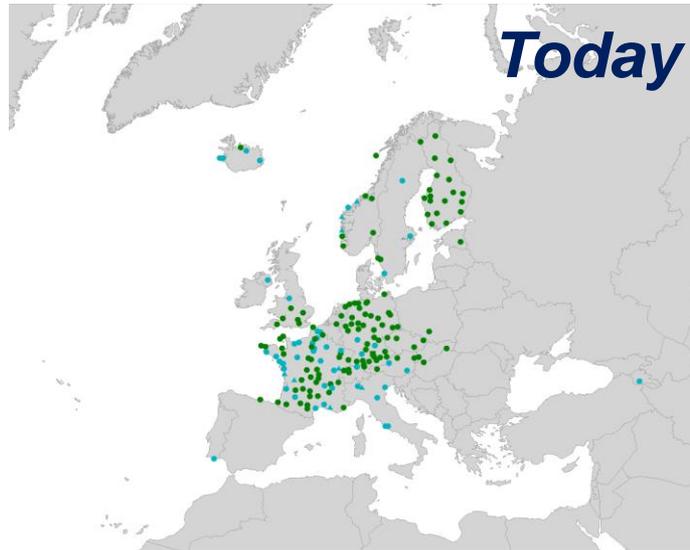
EUROCONTROL's support to deployment

- The RAISG stakeholders' group

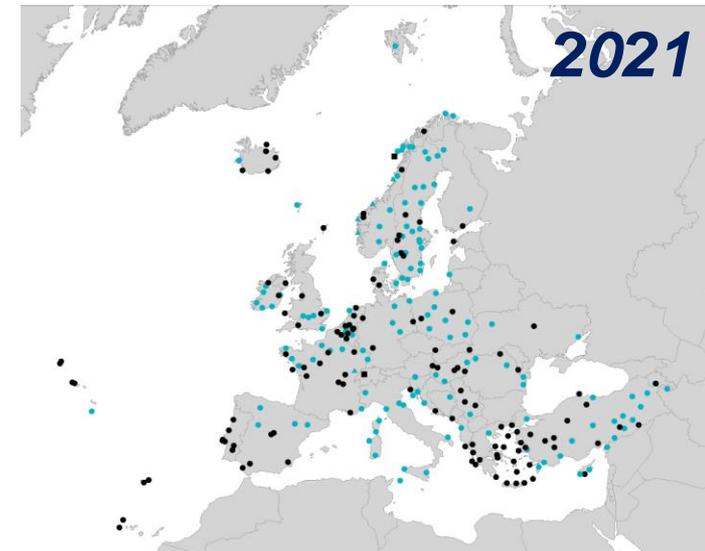
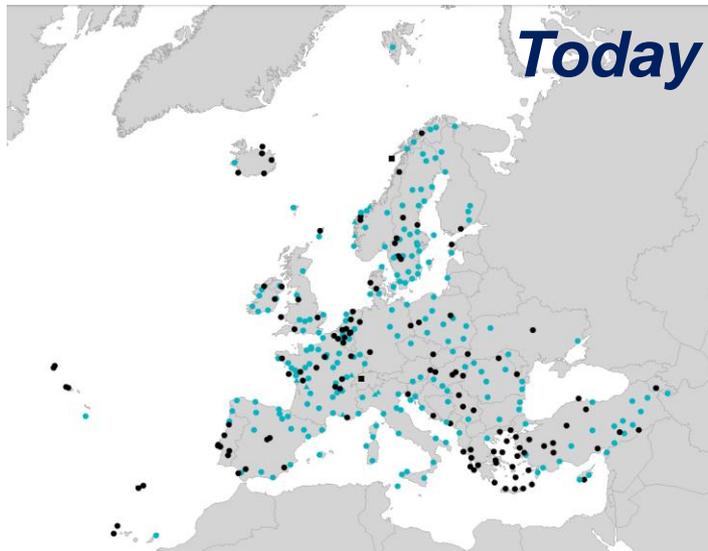
- **Main objectives**
 - Better understand PBN and RNP APCH (all types)
 - Find a way through ICAO provisions
 - Support **harmonized** implementation
 - Provide a forum for **exchange** of lessons learned
 - Collect **best practices**
 - Develop **guidance for implementation** (ICAO EUR doc 025)
 - **Monitor** the deployment of RNP APCH in Europe (PBN Approach Map Tool)

Implementation status and plans (1/2)

**Airports
with APV**

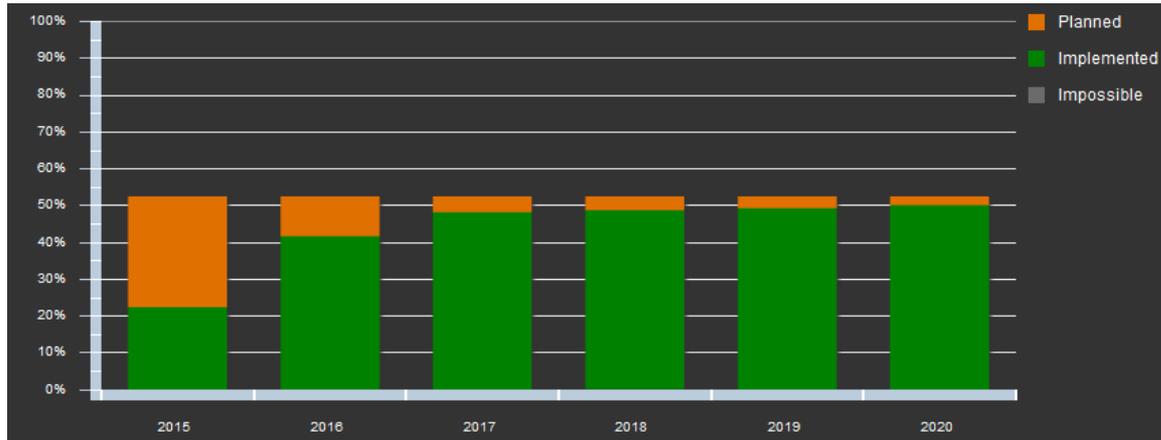


**Airports
without 3D
approaches**



Implementation status and plans (2/2)

APV status of implementation



Today:

22% of rwy ends

- 11% SBAS

- 17% Baro-VNAV

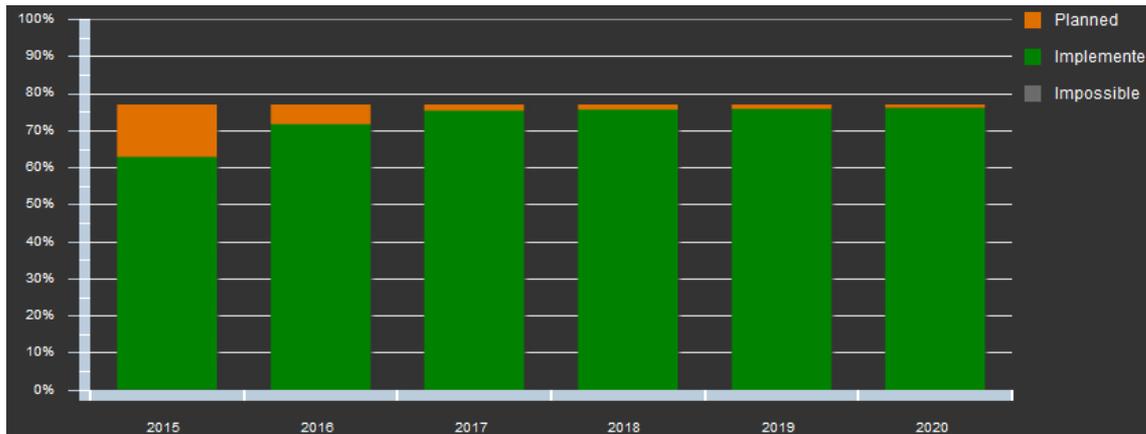
2020:

51% of rwy ends

- 35% SBAS

- 37% Baro-VNAV

3D status of implementation



Today:

63% of rwy ends

2020:

77% of rwy ends

Thank you for your attention !

The EGNOS logo features the word "EGNOS" in a bold, yellow, sans-serif font. The letter "O" is replaced by a yellow circle containing a blue compass rose with a white center.

EGNOS

Is there, use it!



EGNOS Awards



Year 2015



EGNOS Awards

In recognition of EWA signature



award collected by **Mr Georgi Peev**
Bulatsa Director General

EGNOS Awards

Burgas airport (LBBG)



EGNOS Awards

In recognition of **1st LPV** publication



AIR NAVIGATION SERVICES OF SWEDEN

award collected by **Carin Holtzrin Kjellander**
Director International Affairs



RNP/APV procedures to Gothenburg City Airport

Carin Holtzrin-Kjellander
LFV

International and Swedish National Requirements



ICAO Assembly Resolution 37-11

1. Urges all States to implement RNAV and RNP air traffic services (ATS) routes and approach procedures in accordance with the ICAO PBN concept laid down in the Performance-based Navigation (PBN) Manual (Doc 9613);
2. Resolves that:
 - a) States complete a PBN implementation plan as a matter of urgency to achieve:
 - 1) implementation of **RNAV and RNP operations (where required) for en route and terminal areas** according to established timelines and intermediate milestones; and
 - 2) implementation of **approach procedures with vertical guidance (APV)** (Baro-VNAV and/or augmented GNSS), including LNAV only minima for all instrument runway ends, either as the primary approach or as a back-up for precision approaches by 2016 with intermediate milestones as follows: 30 per cent by 2010, 70 per cent by 2014; and
 - 3) implementation of **straight-in LNAV only procedures, as an exception to 2) above**, for instrument runways at aerodromes where there is no local altimeter setting available and where there are no aircraft suitably equipped for APV operations with a maximum certificated take-off mass of 5 700 kg or more;



TSFS 2015:1 – Swedish CAA /Transportstyrelsens regulatory document.

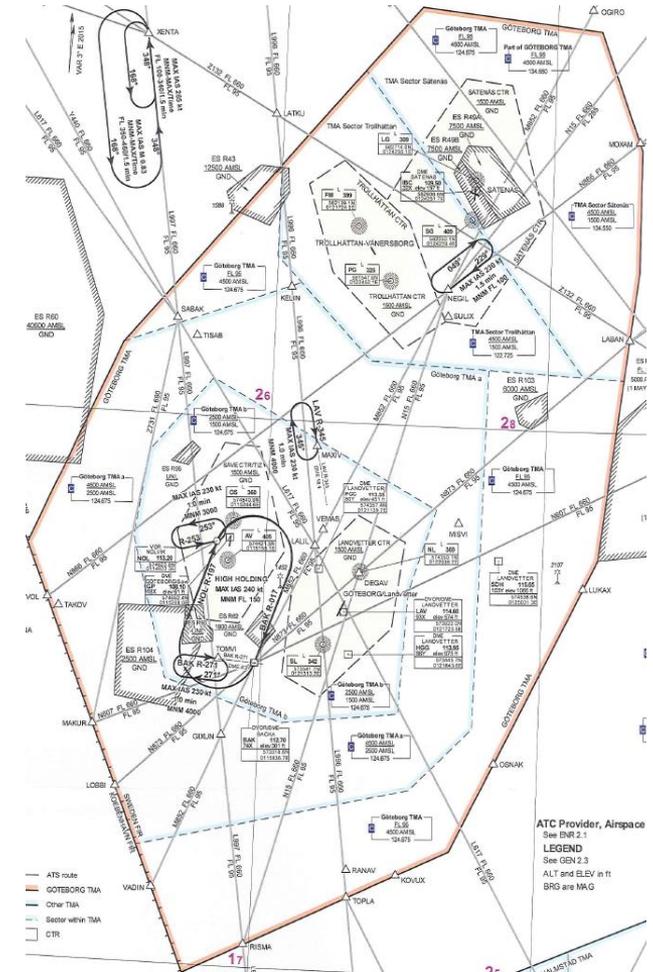
11 b § APV procedures should be implemented to all instrument RWY ends.
The APV-procedure to be based on barometric pressure (Baro-VNAV) and/or satellite navigation (GNSS) with support from SBAS.

...

APV approaches to be implemented by 1 dec 2016.

Choice of Airport for first APV implementation – ESGP (Gothenburg City Airport)

- Airport had already contacted LFV about design of RNAV (GNSS) procedures ...
- Possibility of funding from GSA for the first SBAS procedure
- Swedish CAA advised GSA about ESGP as a suitable airport
 - 3 operators with SBAS equipment installed (no approval)
 - Geographical position, EGNOS availability and continuity
 - Alternate for ESGG with SBAS/ Baro-VNAV equipped operators
 - “Despite” eventual complications with surrounding airports within the same TMA
- Situation before ...
 - RNAV SID/STAR RWY 01/19
 - ILS/LOC RWY 19
 - NDB/DME RWY 01/19

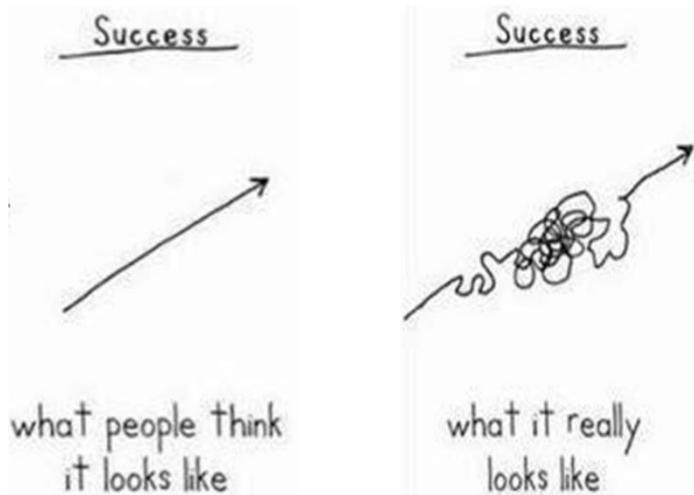


Lessons learned - 1

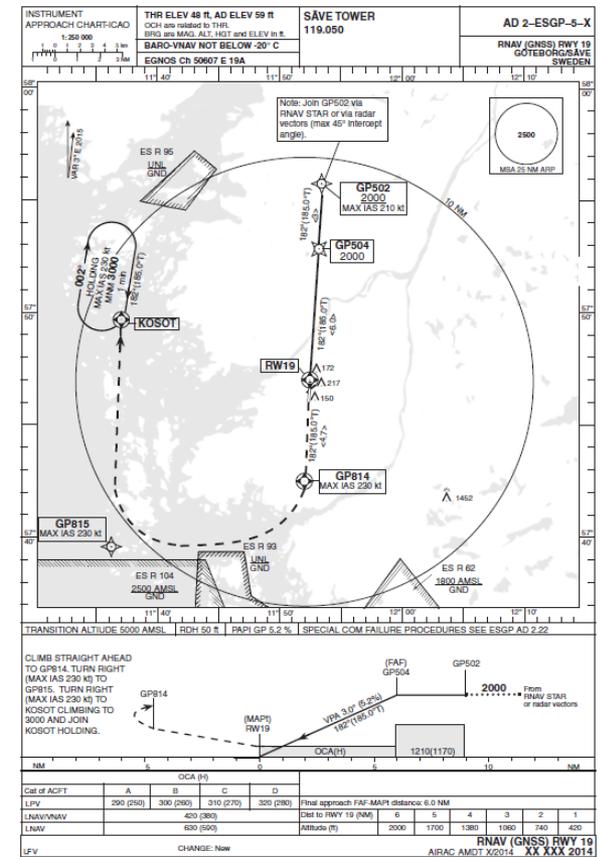
- **EWA (EGNOS working agreement)** – We are still not sure that the document is clearly adaptable for all states depending on roles and responsibilities between ANSPs, Airport operators and Regulator...
- **ATS standard operating procedures** – Relevant (ICAO) documents with effect on practical applications for ATCO are not updated accordingly taking into account changes related to RNAV procedures and operators capabilities, ex phraseology, naming of procedures, vectoring issues.
- **RNAV** – the challenge to keep RNAV through complete procedure and adjust to present environment ex. holding, missed approach procedure, connection from STAR.
- **Environmental constraints** – the T-bar concept will at some airports add new routes to present route system and that could lead to the need of negotiations for a new environmental approval.

Lessons learned - 2

It's never really quite as simple as they say ...



With a new concept comes new tasks, and old tasks in a new context.
 "Normal" activities such as design, coding, validation, safety assesment, publication, training etc need some extra consideration.

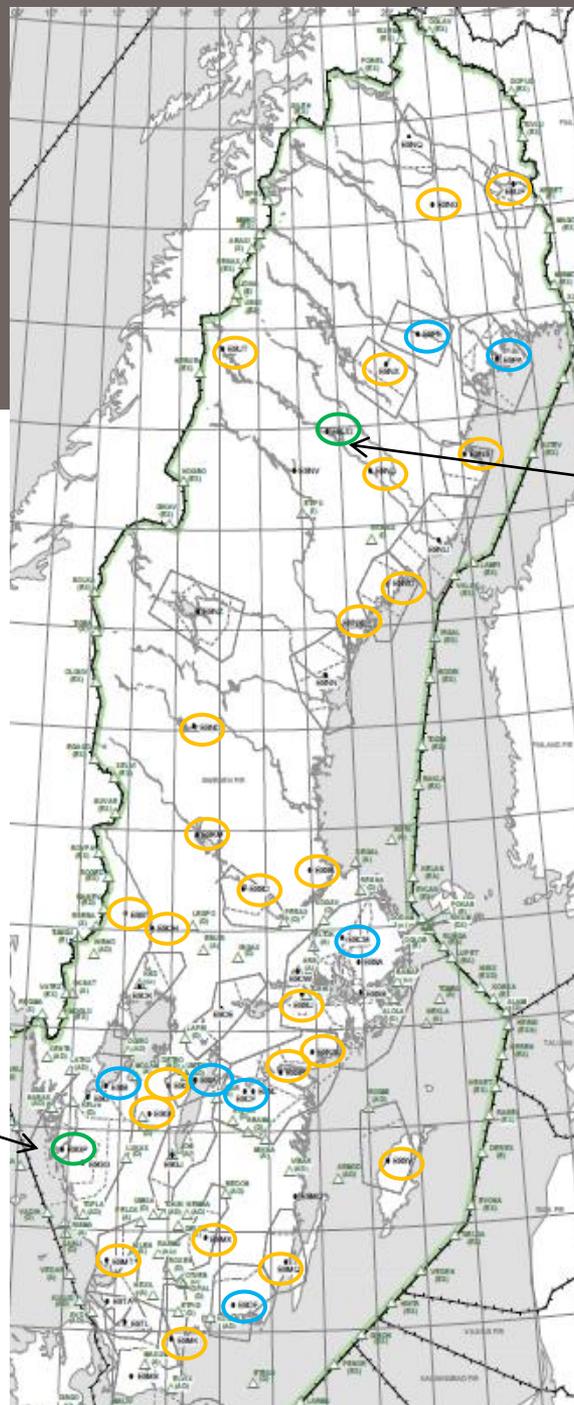
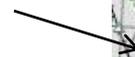


Production planning RNP/APV apch LfV



- 2 airports operational
- 24 airports ongoing
- 7 airports (mil) planning

ESGP - Gothenburg City Airport
WEF 18 SEP 2014



ESUD - Sturman
WEF 11 DEC 2014

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

EGNOS Awards

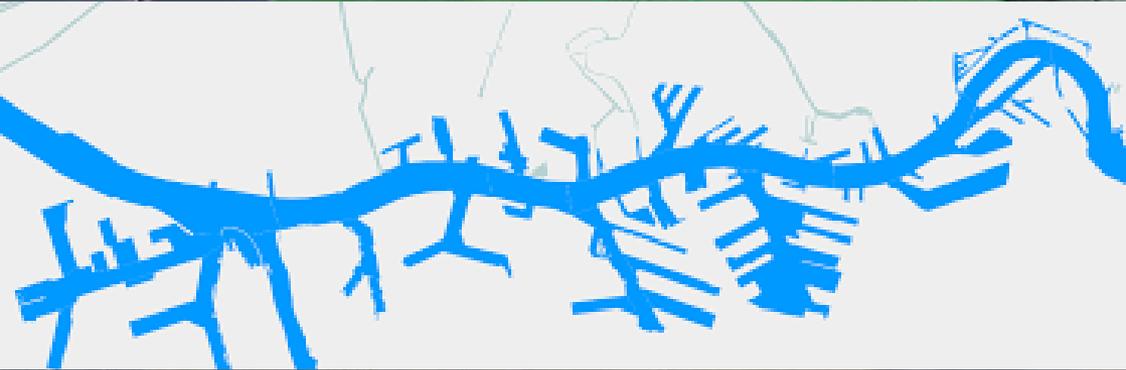
In recognition of EWA signature

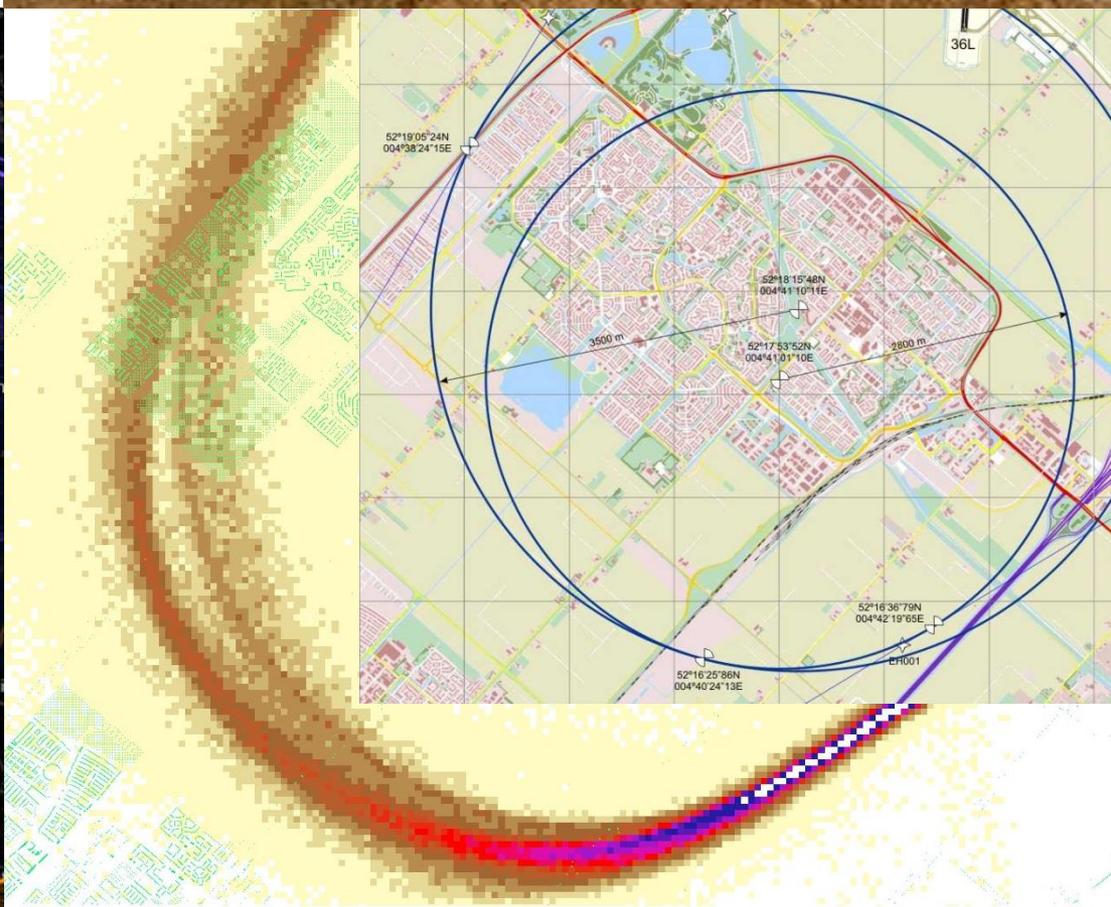
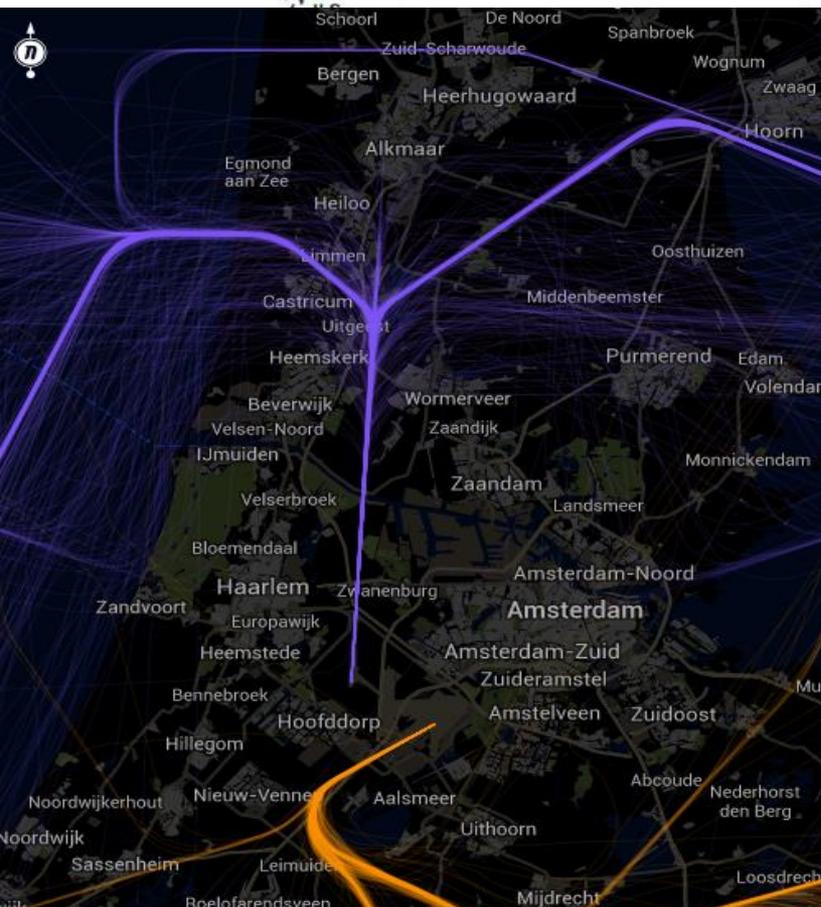
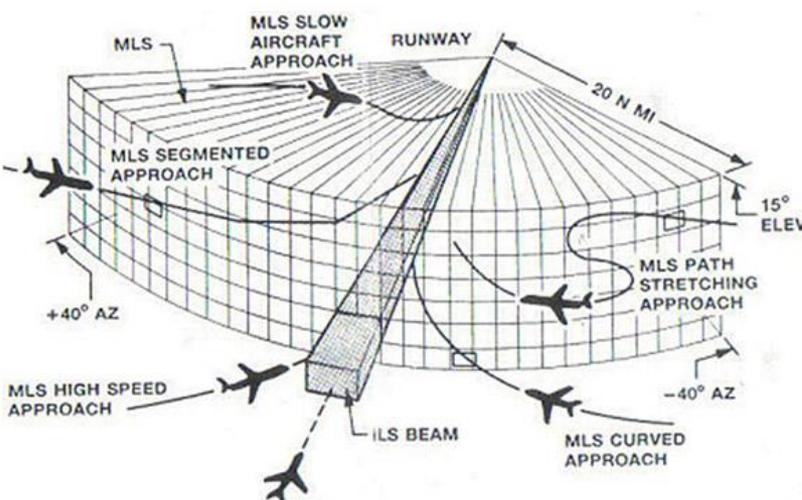


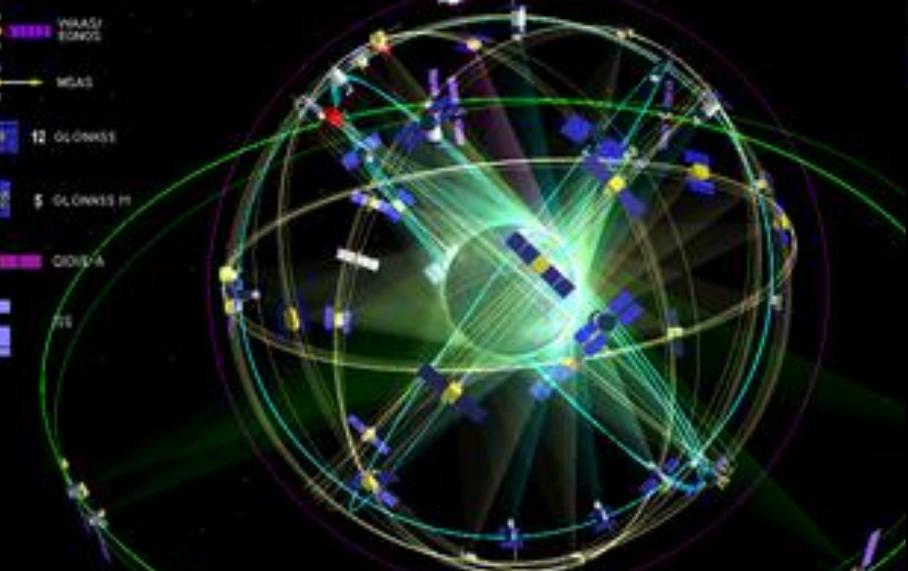
Luchtverkeersleiding Nederland
Air Traffic Control the Netherlands

award collected by **Mr Bart Banning**
Flight Procedures Expert at LVNL

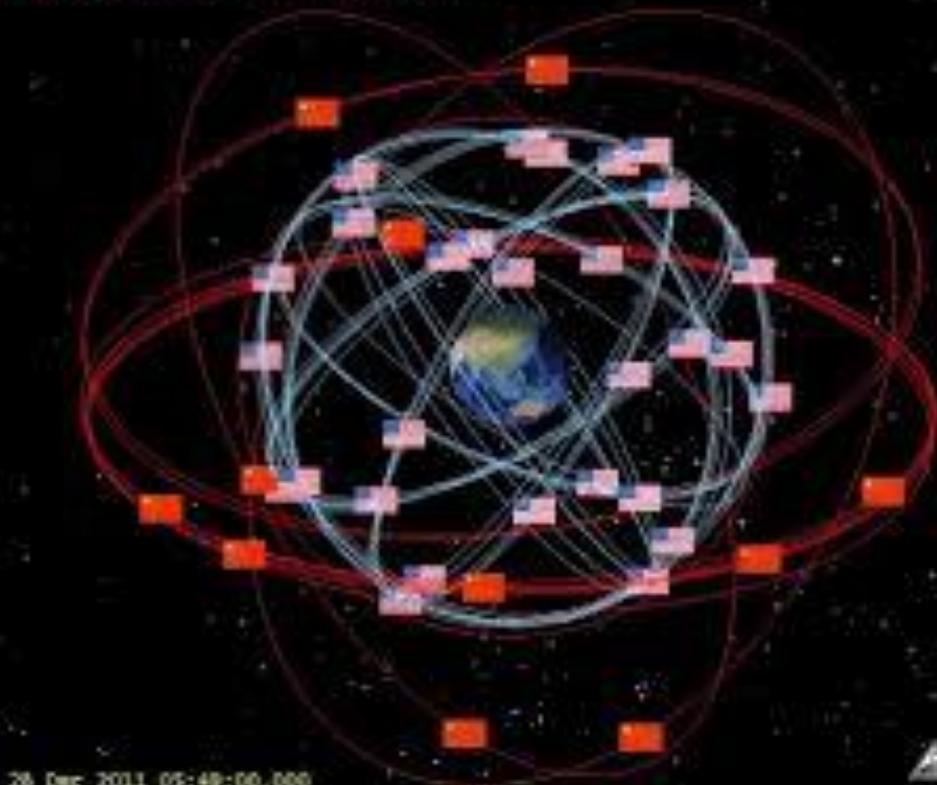








US GPS navigation satellites
Chinese Galileo navigation satellites





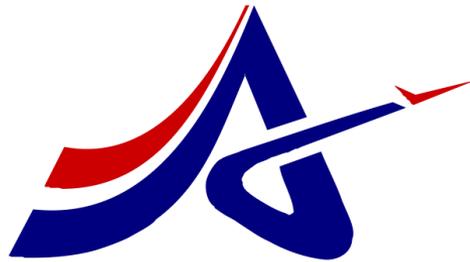






EGNOS Awards

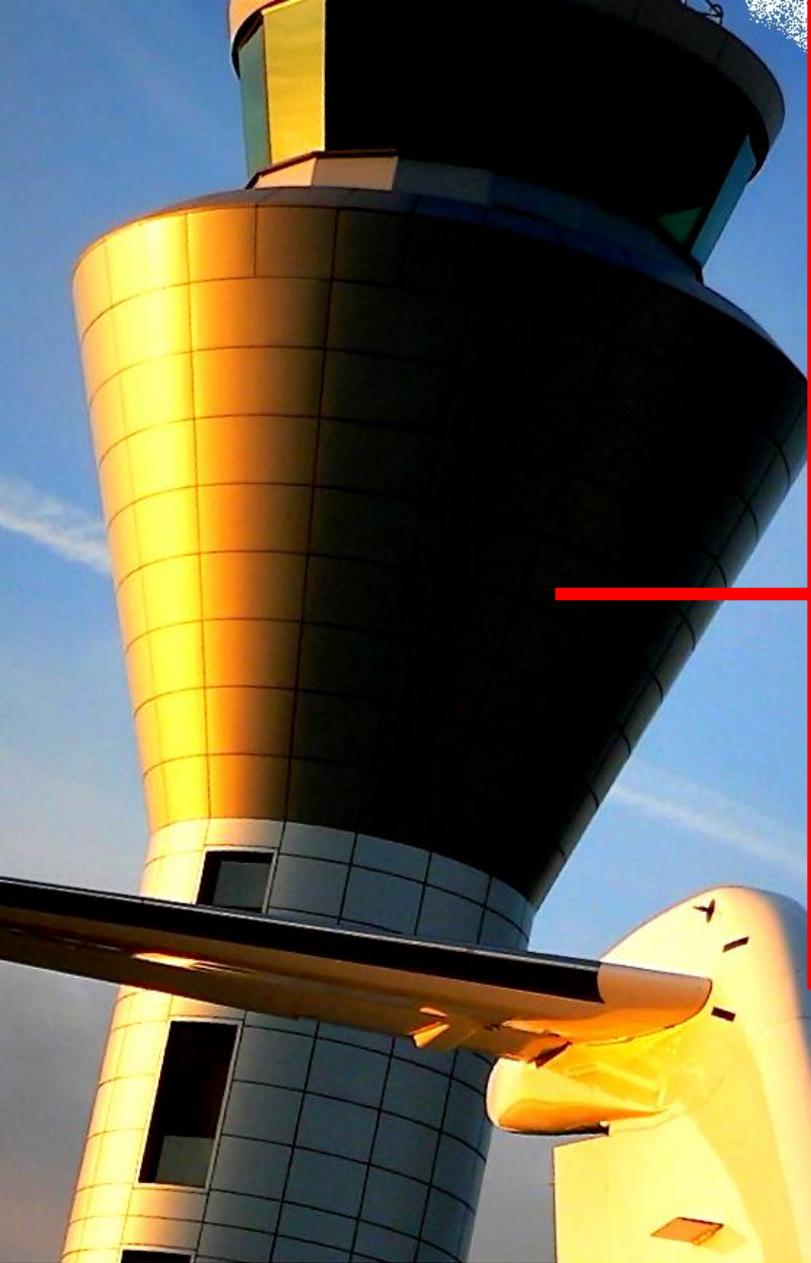
In recognition of EWA signature



J E R S E Y  A I R P O R T

award collected by **Mr Les Smallwood**

Senior Air Traffic Control Officer at Jersey Airport



Jersey Airport ATC
Les Smallwood



**PORT OF
JERSEY**



**JERSEY
COASTGUARD**



Overview

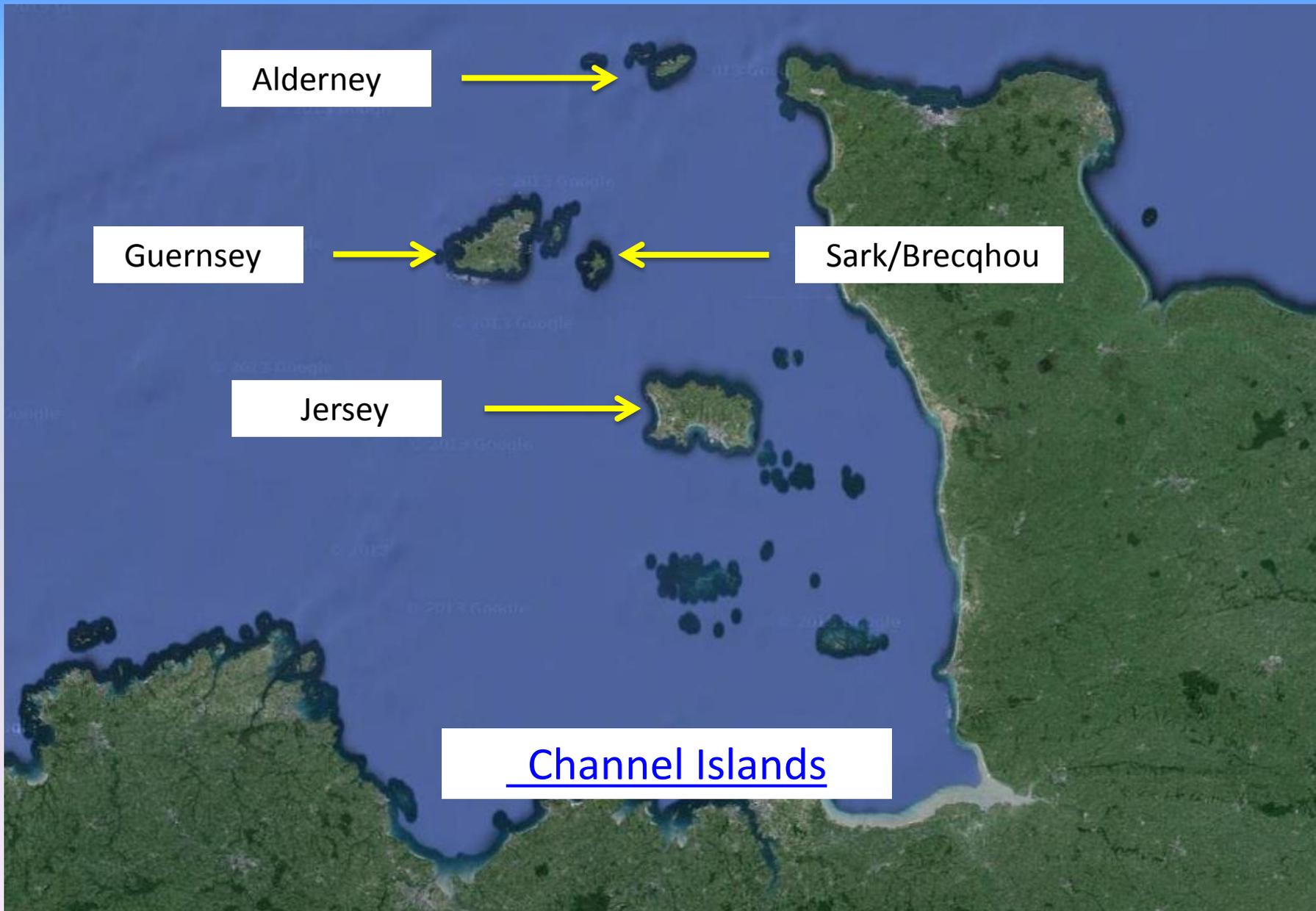
- Brief overview of Jersey and other Channel Islands
- Air Traffic Operation in Jersey
- Regulatory overview
- GNSS Approaches at Jersey Airport
- Ground based Navigation Aids
- EGNOS, ESSP & EWA
- Issues faced, so far & Implementation
- Questions





Channel Islands





PORT OF
JERSEY



JERSEY
COASTGUARD



Jersey

- Population of 96,000 - 13km x 9km
- Government
 - States of Jersey
- Industry
 - Finance, Agriculture, Tourism
- Reliance on Airport & Sea Port (100%)



Jersey Airport - EGJJ

Rwy 08/26 1706m



PORT OF
JERSEY



JERSEY
COASTGUARD



Air Traffic Operation in Jersey

→ Channel Island Airspace

→ 89% French FIR (FAB-EC)

→ 11% UK FIR

→ Movements – Total 52,763

→ Scheduled 36,917

→ Freight 2,550

→ Light a/c 12,045

→ Others 1,251



Regulatory overview

→ DCA - Director of Civil Aviation

→ National Supervisory Authority

→ France - DGAC - ANSP Certification

→ Regulatory Oversight - conducted by UK CAA

→ Jersey follows SES Regulation



GNSS Approaches

- ➔ Basic LNAV approaches - May 2013
- ➔ All ATCOs provided with training
 - ➔ SiS, Phraseology, RAIM, integration
- ➔ Ground Based Navigation Aids
 - ➔ ILS (Cat 1), VOR, NDB
- ➔ Strategy to reduce reliance on Ground Based Nav Aids (ILS & VOR issue)



GNSS Approaches

- Decision taken to add BaroVNav & LPV
 - Planning for the future

→ EGNOS Working Agreement

- Process commenced Sept 2013
- Complex as Jersey non-EU State (ESSP help)
- EWA completed late 2014



Issues faced

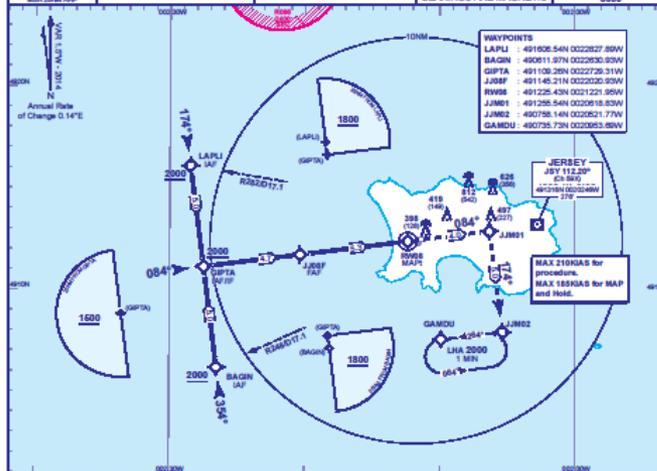
- Non EU State
- Inexperience of IFP Designers (new to GNSS)
- IFP Designers and IFP Regulators
 - Differing standards
 - Differing interpretation of PANS-Ops
- IFP Regulator – under resourced
 - Drafts submitted



INSTRUMENT APPROACH CHART - ICAO

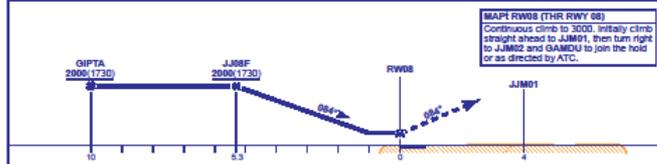
ATIS	125.200, 120.450	JERSEY CONTROL	AD ELEVATION	277
APP	120.350, 118.550	JERSEY APPROACH	THR ELEVATION	270
TWR	119.450	JERSEY TOWER	OBSTACLE ELEVATION	315
	121.500	JERSEY GROUND	BEARINGS ARE MAGNETIC	
ATIS	134.675	JERSEY INFORMATION	TRANSITION ALTITUDE	6000

JERSEY
RNAV (RNP) RWY 08
(ACFT CAT A,B,C,D)



RECOMMENDED PROFILE Gradient 5.24%, 320FT/NM

NM to RW08	5	4	3	2	1
ALTI(HGT)	1910(1540)	1690(1320)	1280(1010)	860(590)	640(370)



Aircraft Category	A	B	C	D	Rate of descent	0/8 KT	160	140	120	100	80
OCA (OCH)	LNAV 820(350)	820(350)	820(350)	820(350)		FT/MIN	850	740	640	530	430
VMC(OCA (OCH AAL))	Total Area 730(453)	730(453)	1210(933)	1210(933)							
	South of RWY 08/28	700(423)	700(423)	870(593)	870(593)						

NOTE: Aircraft will normally be required to hold not lower than 3000.

CHANGE (TWR): RUNWAY DESIGNATORS CHANGED

AERO INFO DATE 23 JUL 14



PORT OF JERSEY



JERSEY COASTGUARD



INSTRUMENT APPROACH CHART - ICAO

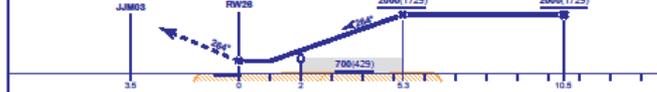
JERSEY
RNAV (RNP-B)
RWY 26
(ACFT CAT A,B,C,D)

ATIS	125.200, 120.450	JERSEY CONTROL	AD ELEVATION	277
ARRP	120.300, 118.550	JERSEY APPROACH	THR ELEVATION	271
TWR	119.450	JERSEY TOWER	OBSTACLE ELEVATION	
	121.500	JERSEY GROUND		
ATIS	134.675	JERSEY INFORMATION	BEARINGS ARE MAGNETIC	
			TRANSITIONAL ALTITUDE	6000



RECOMMENDED PROFILE Gradient 5.24%, 316FT/NM				
NM to RW26	5	4	3	2 (SDP)
ALT(HGT)	1810(1539)	1800(1329)	1280(1009)	840(659)

MAP RW26 (THR RWY 26)
Continuous climb to 8000' then
climb straight ahead to JJM03 then
turn left to JJM04 and TIXON to
join the hold or as directed by ATIS.



Aircraft Category	A	B	C	D	Rate of descent	0/8 KT	160	140	120	100	80
OCA (OCH)	LNNAV 660(379)	660(379)	660(379)	660(379)		FT/MIN	850	740	640	530	430
VMC(OCA (OCH AAL)	Total Area 730(453)	730(453)	1210(933)	1210(933)							
	South of RWY 08/26	700(423)	870(593)	870(593)							

NOTE Aircraft will normally be required to hold not lower than 8000.

CHANGE (ITR): RUNWAY DESIGNATORS CHANGED
AERO INFO DATE 29 JUL 14



PORT OF JERSEY



JERSEY COASTGUARD



✈ Questions?



EGNOS Awards



Aviation Capacity Resources AB

EWA Signature ceremony by

Mr Morgan Sundell

Chief Technical Officer at Aviation Capacity Resources AB

and

Mr Thierry Racaud

Chief Executive Officer at ESSP SAS

EGNOS Awards



EGNOS Awards

In recognition of **1st LPV** publication



award collected by **Mr Rastislav Primus**
Head of ATM Planning and Procedures Department



RNP APCH implementation in the Slovak Republic

Aviation powered by EGNOS workshop
World ATM Congress 2015
Madrid, 10.3. 2015

Ing. Rastislav PRIMUS
Head of ATM Planning and Procedures Department
LPS SR, š.p.

Tel.: +421 2 4857 2812

Fax: +421 2 4857 2815

Mobil: +421 905 77 2204

e-mail: rastislav.primus@lps.sk



Expressing our thanks

Representing LPS SR, I would like to show a gratitude and appreciation to

- GSA
- INECO
- ESSP SAS
- EUROCONTROL



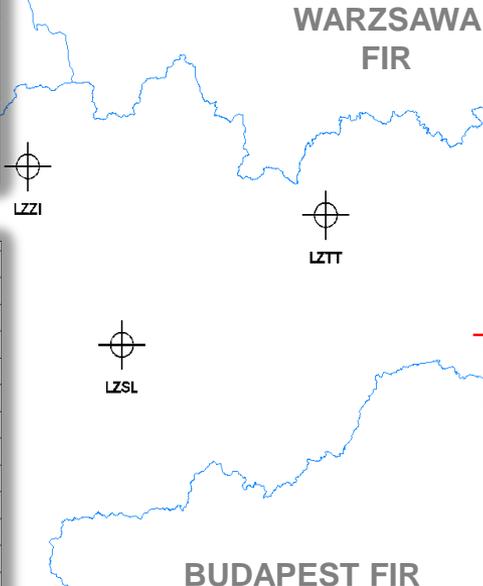
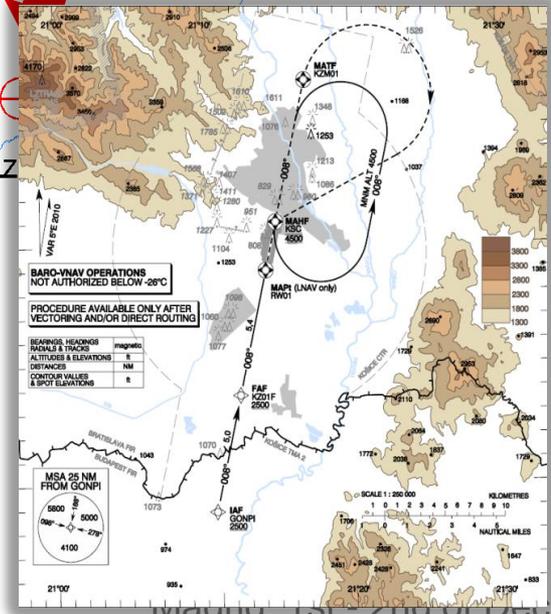
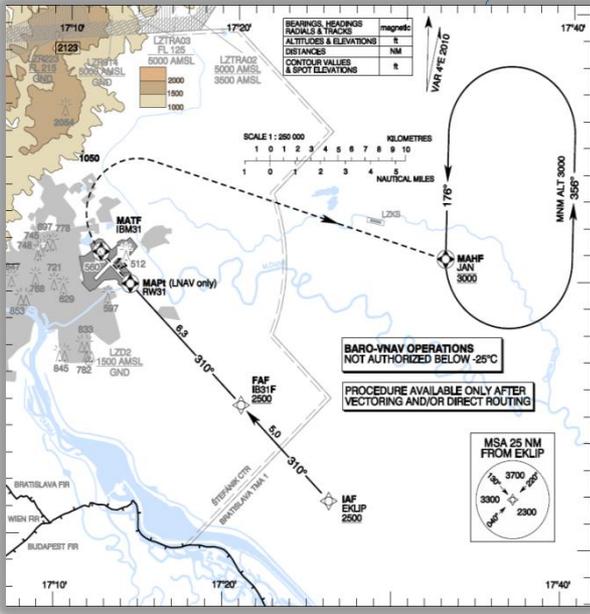
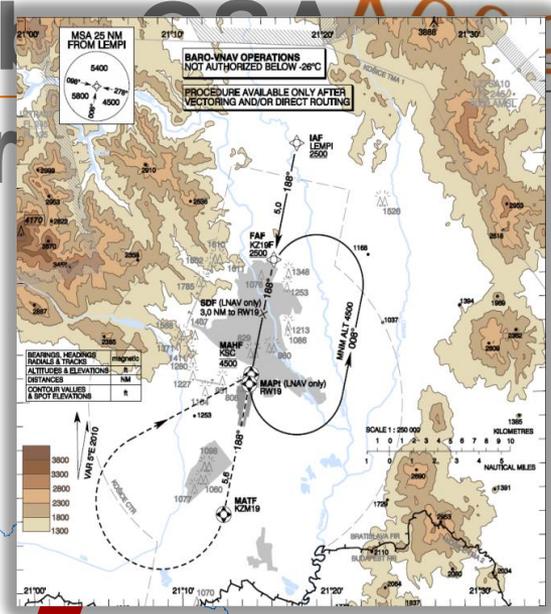
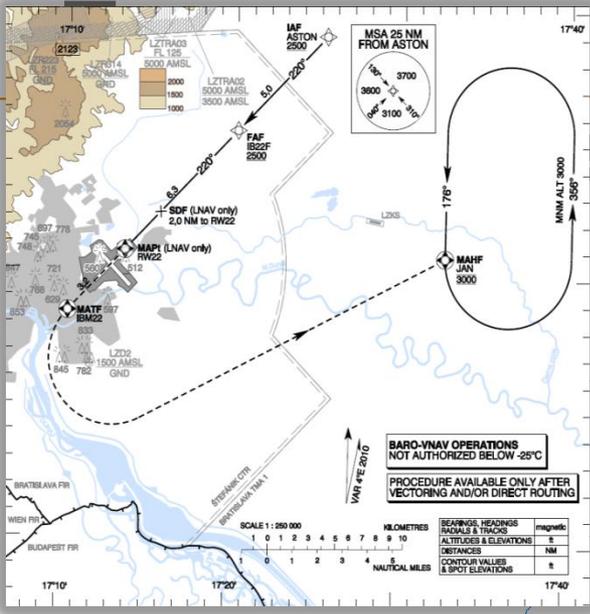
for supporting implementation of RNP APCH (EGNOS based approaches included) in the Slovak Republic under ACCEPTA project.



Implementation enablers, milestones

- 2007/2010 ICAO assembly resolutions
- 2011 MAR EGNOS SoL service declaration
- 2011 JUN ESSP workshop in Toulouse
- 2012 MAR Joining ACCEPTA project
- 2013 „just work“ (PD, CONOPS, SA ...)
- 2014 SEP EWA completion
- 2015 FEB RNP APCH publication

Grant given for ... and Over



New Project (under name of „IMPROWE“)

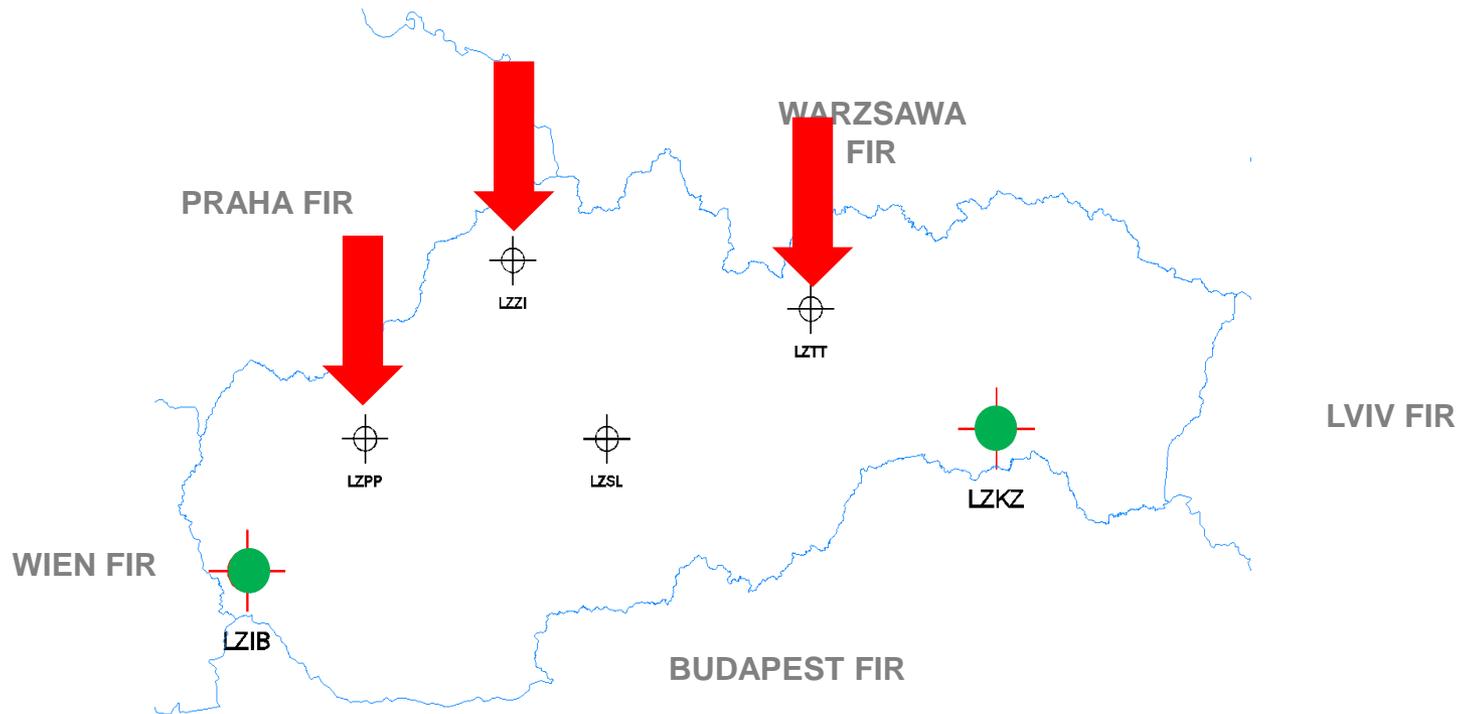


GSA 2014 Call For Proposals for the Acceleration of EGNOS adoption in the field of civil aviation

LPS SR together with Austro Control and DLR

submitted common application for the next European grant given by GSA.

Project IMPROWE Objective





Thank you for attention

**Looking forward for the next
cooperation**

EGNOS Awards

In recognition of **1st LPV** publication



Luchtverkeersleiding Nederland
Air Traffic Control the Netherlands

award collected by **Mr Bart Banning**
Flight Procedures Expert at LVNL

EGNOS Awards

In recognition of **1st LPV** publication



award collected by **Américo Melo**
Air Traffic Controller at NAV Portugal

EGNOS Awards

Lisbon airport (LPPT)



EGNOS

EGNOS, it's there. Use it.



THANK YOU!